# Release Notes for Embedded Coder®

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Release Notes for Embedded Coder®

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Table Blocks
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Changes for Embedded IDEs and Embedded Targets
Changes to ver Function Product Arguments
New and Enhanced Demos
Check bug reports for issues and fixes

# R2013a

Version: 6.4 New Features: Yes Bug Fixes: Yes

# Code Generation from MATLAB Code

# Improved code replacement traceability for MATLAB code generation

In the R2013a release, there is now improved code replacement traceability for standalone code generated using MATLAB<sup>®</sup> Coder<sup>™</sup>. This capability is not available for generated MEX functions. When you choose to include code replacements in the code generation report:

- The code generation report includes a link to the Code Replacements Report.
- Code replacement trace information is generated for viewing in the **Trace Information** tab of the Code Replacement Viewer.
- The code replacement report lists replacement functions and their associated MATLAB code.

You can use the code replacement report to:

- Determine which replacement functions were used in the generated code.
- Trace each replacement instance back to the MATLAB code that triggered the replacement.

For more information, see "Enable the Code Replacements Report" and "Viewing Code Replacements in the Generated Code".

### Static code metrics report for MATLAB Coder

When you generate standalone C code with MATLAB Coder, the HTML code generation report now includes a static code metrics report. The static code metrics report is not available for generated MEX functions.

The static code metrics include the:

- Number of source code files.
- Number of lines of code.
- List of global variables.
- Functions in a call tree format.
- Estimated stack size required for a function.

You can use the information in the static code metrics report to:

- Find the number of files and lines of code in each file.
- Estimate the number of lines of code and stack usage per function.
- Compare how many files, functions, variables, and lines of code are generated every time you change the MATLAB algorithm.
- Determine a target platform and allocation of RAM to the stack, based on the size of global variables plus the estimated stack size.
- Determine possible performance slow points, such as the largest global variables or the most costly call path in terms of stack usage.
- View the cyclomatic complexity of a function, which counts the number of linearly independent paths through a function.
- View the function call tree.
- Determine the longest call path to estimate the worst-case execution timing.
- View how target functions, provided by the selected code replacement library, are used in the generated code.

For more information, see "Generate a Static Code Metrics Report for MATLAB Code" and "Static Code Metrics".

# **Model Architecture and Design**

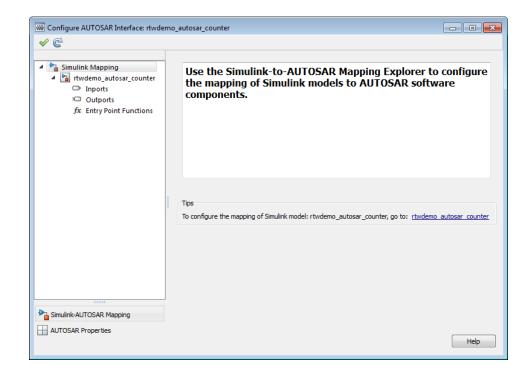
# AUTOSAR user interface and round trip ARXML file import and export improvements

#### Improved graphical user interfaces for AUTOSAR configuration

Embedded Coder<sup>®</sup> software provides graphical user interfaces that allow you to add AUTOSAR elements to a Simulink<sup>®</sup> model and map model components and interfaces to AUTOSAR components and interfaces. R2013a provides several improvements to the graphical user interfaces for AUTOSAR configuration:

- The Configure AUTOSAR Interface dialog box now provides separate **Simulink-AUTOSAR Mapping** and **AUTOSAR Properties** Explorers, which clearly distinguish mapping and editing activities.
- In both the Mapping and Properties Explorers:
  - Parameters that previously required text entry now offer selectable values or attributes.
  - Displays are more scalable (accommodating more elements) with fewer refresh issues.
  - Graphical layout reflects logical relationships between entities.
  - Filtering enhances element selection and modification.
- The Properties Explorer provides intuitive double-click and add/remove operations for configuring AUTOSAR ports, interfaces, data elements, runnables, and events.
- New check and synchronization icons provide single-click access to AUTOSAR configuration validation and Simulink model synchronization.
- A new AUTOSAR Component Builder dialog box allows you to interactively create a customized AUTOSAR component.

To explore the Configure AUTOSAR Interface dialog box, open a model that is already configured for AUTOSAR (such as the example model rtwdemo\_autosar\_counter). Select Code > C/C++ Code > Configure Model as AUTOSAR Component to open the dialog box. From there, you can select either the Simulink-AUTOSAR Mapping Explorer or the AUTOSAR Properties Explorer.



To explore the AUTOSAR Component Builder dialog box, open a model that is not already configured for AUTOSAR (such as the example model rtwdemo\_counter). Select the AUTOSAR target (autosar.tlc) for the model, and then select Code > C/C++ Code > Configure Model as AUTOSAR Component. This action opens a dialog box that allows you to select between creating a default AUTOSAR component or interactively creating an AUTOSAR component. To open the AUTOSAR Component Builder dialog box, click Create Component Interactively.

AUTOSAR Component Builder
This wizard will help you create AUTOSAR software component and interfaces
Component details:
Component package: /rtwdemo_counter_pkg/rtwdemo_counter_swd
Component name: rtwdemo_counter
Component type: Application
Help Next

#### **Round-trip preservation of AUTOSAR elements and UUIDs**

To help support the round trip of AUTOSAR elements between an AUTOSAR authoring tool (AAT) and the Simulink model-based design environment, Embedded Coder now preserves AUTOSAR elements and their UUIDs across arxml import and export, as follows:

- When arxml files created by an AAT are imported into a Simulink model, AUTOSAR element information is preserved, including UUIDs (for Identifiables), properties, and reference packages.
- When arxml files are exported from a Simulink model, the elements are generated back into arxml with their UUIDs and other information preserved.

As a result, the arxml files exported from Simulink can more easily be merged back into the AAT environment. Existing elements retain their UUIDs, while new elements created in Simulink get new UUIDs.

### Code generation for variable-size scalar signals

Previously, a model that used a variable-size scalar signal (width equals 1) would cause an error during a model update. This limitation has been removed and the model now simulates and generates code for a variable-size scalar signal.

# Data, Function, and File Definition

### Shortened system-generated identifier names

In R2013a, you have the option to shorten the system-generated identifier names to allow more space for user names. This option also provides a more predictable and consistent naming system that uses camel case, no underscores or plurals, and consistent abbreviations for both a type and a variable.

To use the new names, open the Configuration Parameters dialog box, and on the **Code Generation > Symbols** pane, set the **System-generated identifiers** parameter to Shortened. When you open a new model in R2013a, the default setting for **System-generated identifiers** is set to Shortened. When you open an existing model in R2013a, **System-generated identifiers** is set as **Classic**. With this setting, the system-generated identifiers use the names from previous releases.

For more information, see "System-generated identifiers" and "Customize Generated Identifier Naming Rules".

# Improved data initialization with custom storage classes

Previously, Embedded Coder generated initialization code for these two cases, even though the **DataInitialization** parameter was set to None or Static.

- **1** Initial output of an Enabled Subsystem configured to reset when it is enabled.
- 2 Fixed-point data with bias, which cannot have zero ground value

Now, Embedded Coder will not generate dynamic initialization code for data that uses a custom storage class whose **DataInitialization** parameter is set to None or Static.

### Default specification for global types

Previously, on the Configuration Parameters **Symbol** pane, the default for **Global types** was \$N\$R\$M. In R2013a, for new models, the default for **Global types** is \$N\$R\$M\_T. For existing models opened in R2013a, **Global types** does not change.

# Subsystem block parameter Function packaging option renamed

In the Subsystem block parameter dialog box, on the **Code Generation** tab, the "Function packaging" option Function is renamed to Nonreusable function.

### **Code Generation**

### Model Advisor checks for code generation

The Model Advisor **By Product** folder contains the following checks to replace **Identify questionable blocks within the specified system**:

- "Check for blocks not supported by code generation"
- "Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment"

To display the **By Product** folder, in the Model Advisor window select **Settings > Preferences**. In the Model Advisor Preferences dialog box, select **Show By Product Folder**.

# Deployment

# Concurrent execution API to target embedded multicore platforms

# Semaphore and mutex code replacement for multicore target environments

Embedded Coder software now provides Simulink code replacement support for the following semaphore and mutex operations.

Mutex Destroy Mutex Init Mutex Lock Mutex Unlock Semaphore Destroy Semaphore Init Semaphore Post Semaphore Wait

Semaphore and mutex code replacement is supported for:

- Simulink code generation for data transfer between tasks
- Code generation targets

Semaphore and mutex code replacement is not supported for:

- Stateflow<sup>®</sup> charts, MATLAB Function blocks, and MATLAB functions
- Simulation targets

For more information, see "Map Semaphore or Mutex Operations to Target-Specific Implementations".

#### Hardware timer function replacement

You can create a hardware-specific timer object for SIL and PIL simulations with your hardware target. See *Specification of hardware timer through the Code Replacement Tool* in "Code execution profiling improvements" on page 38.

### Hardware configuration relocation from Target Preferences block to Configuration Parameters dialog box

The contents of the Target Preferences block have been relocated to the new **Target Hardware Resources** tab on the Coder Target pane in the Configuration Parameters dialog box.

Select:	Tool Chain Automation Target Hardware Resources
Solver	Target Resources
Data Import/Export	
Optimization     Junction	IDE/Tool Chain: Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio
Hardware Implementat	Board Memory Section DSP/BIOS
Model Referencing	Board Properties
E Simulation Target	
- Code Generation	Board: Avnet S3ADSP DM6437 🔹
Report	Processor: DM6437   Add New Delete
Comments	
Symbols	CPU Clock: 594 MHz
- Custom Code	Board Support
- Debug - Interface	
Verification	Operating System: DSP/BIOS -
-Code Style	
Templates	-Source files
Code Placement	-Include paths
Data Type Replace	🕀 Libraries
- Memory Sections	- Initialize functions
Coder Target	<sup>1</sup> Terminate functions
HDL Code Generation	
	IDE Support
	EVM-DM6437, cpu_0 Get from IDE
	OK Cancel Help Apply

The Target Preferences block has been removed from the Embedded Targets block library.

If you open a model that contains a Target Preferences block, a warning instructs you that the block is optional and can be removed from your model.

Opening the Target Preferences block automatically displays the **Target Hardware Resources** tab.

For instructions on how to use **Target Hardware Resources** to build and run a model on target hardware, see "Model Setup".

For information about specific parameters and settings, see "Code Generation: Coder Target Pane".

#### Downloadable support and blocks for Analog Devices DSPs Compatibility Considerations: Yes

If you have an Embedded Coder license, you can install support for Analog Devices<sup>™</sup> VisualDSP++<sup>®</sup> IDE and DSPs as described in "Install Support for Analog Devices DSPs". Support for Analog Devices VisualDSP++ IDE and DSPs includes the same capabilities that were previously available.

Use the "Embedded Coder Support Package for Analog Devices DSPs" block library to manage peripherals, scheduling, and memory on Blackfin<sup>®</sup>, SHARC<sup>®</sup>, and TigerSHARC<sup>®</sup> DSPs.

To get these capabilities, in a MATLAB Command Window, enter targetinstaller. Then, use Support Package Installer to install the support package for Analog Devices DSPs. For more information, see the "Working with Analog Devices VisualDSP++ IDE" topic.

After installing the support package, you can open the block library. In the MATLAB Command Window, enter adivdsplib. The "Embedded Coder Support Package for Analog Devices DSPs" block library is also available in the Simulink Library Browser.

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

Previously, installing Embedded Coder software automatically installed support and blocks for Analog Devices DSPs. Effective this release, you must use Support Package Installer to install support before using Embedded Coder with Analog Devices DSPs.

### **Texas Instruments C2000 Clocking Options**

In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the **Peripherals** tab, the new **Clocking** options help you to configure different timers that you use in the processor peripherals.

IDE Link Automation	Target Hardware Resources
Target Resources	
IDE/Tool Chain: Texas	s Instruments Code Composer Studio 🔹
Board Memory	Section Peripherals
C2812	Oscillator clock (OSCCLK) frequency in MHz: 30
Clocking ADC	Auto set PLL based on OSCCLK and CPU clock
····eCAN ····SPI	PLL control register (PLLCR): 10 *
SCI_A SCI_B	Clock divider (DIVSEL): (OSCCLK * PLLCR)/2
	Closest achievable SYSCLKOUT in MHz = (OSCCLK*PLLCR)/DIVSEL: 150
Flash_loader	Low-Speed Peripheral Clock Prescaler (LSPCLK): SYSCLKOUT/4
	Low-Speed Peripheral Clock (LSPCLK) in MHz: 37.5
	High-Speed Peripheral Clock Prescaler (HSPCLK): SYSCLKOUT/2
	High-Speed Peripheral Clock (HSPCLK) in MHz: 75

- The high-speed and low-speed clock settings help you to configure the baud rates for peripherals, such as SCI and SPI.
- You can specify the oscillator clock frequency used in the processor to set the system clock out parameter for the device. Based on the system clock out value, you can get feedback on the baud rate and the time settings.
- Automatic setting of the prescalers is done based on user-defined baud rate for peripherals, such as SCI and SPI.
- Based on the settings that you make in the Clocking peripheral, you can see the timing-related feedback for the peripherals, such as eCAN, I2C, ADC, and Watchdog.
- The parameter relationship is shown at the prompts in some of the peripherals. For example, in eCAN, at the baud rate parameter, you can see, CAN Module Clock/BRP/(TSEG1+TSEG2+1)) in bits/sec.

### Support for Texas Instruments C2802x and Texas Instruments C2803x variants

You can now run models on the following variants of TI C2802x and TI C2803x processors:

- F28030
- F28031
- F28032
- F28033\_cpu
- F28034
- F280200
- F28020
- F28021
- F28022
- F28026

You can use the following block libraries with these variants:

- "C2802x (c2802xlib)"
- "C2803x (c2803xlib)"

# Downloadable support and blocks for Xilinx Zynq-7000 platform

Use the Embedded Coder Support Package for Xilinx<sup>®</sup> Zynq<sup>®</sup>-7000 Platform to automatically build (makefile-based), download, and run an executable on Xilinx Zynq-7000 platform. The executable runs in the Linux<sup>®</sup> environment on the ARM<sup>®</sup> Cortex-A9 processor on the Xilinx Zynq-7000 platform.

Use blocks from the Embedded Coder Support Package for Xilinx Zynq-7000 Platform block library:

- The UDP Receive and UDP Send blocks enable communication with networked devices using an Ethernet port.
- The Linux Task block spawns a task function as separate Linux thread.

To download and install this feature, click **Add-Ons > Get Hardware Support Packages** on the MATLAB tool strip. Then, use Support Package Installer to install the Embedded Coder Support Package for Xilinx Zynq-7000 Platform. For more information, see the "Working with the Xilinx Zynq-7000 Platform" topic.

### Support ending for Eclipse IDE in a future release

Support for the Eclipse<sup>™</sup> IDE will end in a future release of the Embedded Coder and Simulink Coder products.

#### Support ending for remoteBuild method in a future release Compatibility Considerations: Yes

Support for the remoteBuild method will end in a future release of the Embedded Coder products.

### **Compatibility Considerations**

Use Support Package Installer to install the support package for BeagleBoard hardware, as described in "Install Support for BeagleBoard Hardware". Then, use the Simulink capability called "Run on Target Hardware" instead of remoteBuild to build and run models on BeagleBoard hardware.

For more information about using Run on Target Hardware with BeagleBoard, see the "BeagleBoard" topic.

### Performance

# Optimized function arguments for nonreusable subsystems

For nonreusable subsystems, you can specify the function interface in the generated code to use arguments. This specification reduces global RAM. It might reduce code size and improve execution speed, and allow the code generator to apply additional optimizations.

To optimize the function interface for a subsystem, in the Subsystem Block Parameter dialog box, on the **Code Generation** tab, set the **Function packaging** parameter to Nonreusable function (previously, named Function). The **Function packaging** parameter enables the **Function interface** parameter. Set the **Function interface** parameter to Allow arguments.

For more information, see "Function interface" and "Reduce Global Variables in Nonreusable Subsystem Functions".

# Reduced data copies for tunable parameter expressions

Previously, in the generated code, tunable parameter expressions were copied to a temporary variable. In R2013a, the generated code removes this temporary variable. The removal of this unnecessary data copy improves execution speed, reduces code size and global RAM, and allows for additional code optimizations.

For example, for a tunable parameter, **b**, used in a Constant block, the code was:

```
/*Constant: '<Root>/Constant'*/
for (i=0; i<9; i++){
    tunable_expr_copy_B.Constant[i] = Param.b[i];
}
/*End of Constant: '<Root>/Constant'*/
/*S-Function(MySFun2D): '<Root>/S-Function Builder'*/
MySFun2D Outputs wrapper(tunable expr copy B.Constant);
```

Now, the generated code is:

```
/*S-Function(MySFun2D): '<Root>/S-Function Builder'*/
MySFun2D_Outputs_wrapper(Param.b);
```

### Removal of unused global variables

In R2013a, unused global variables generated from a For Each subsystem and bitfields are removed. This code generation enhancement reduces global RAM.

## Verification

### **Debugging during SIL simulations**

If you notice differences between the results of a Normal mode simulation and a SIL mode simulation, you can select the **Configuration Parameters** > **Verification** > **Enable source-level debugging for SIL** check box and rerun the SIL simulation. Then, from the Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Visual Studio<sup>®</sup> IDE, you can insert break points in the generated source code and step through the code during the SIL simulation. Observing code behavior in this way can help you to understand the differences in results. For example, when you are trying to integrate legacy code with generated code and the integration does not run as expected.

For more information, see "Debugging During SIL Simulations".

# Simulation of multiple SIL Model blocks in a top model

If you have a top model containing Model blocks, you can simulate the model with multiple Model blocks in SIL mode. Previously, you could not simulate the top model with more than one Model block in SIL mode. To verify the different Model blocks, you had to run multiple simulations. Before each simulation, you had to specify the SIL mode for one Model block. The removal of this limitation reduces verification time.

If you specify code coverage or code execution profiling, the software does not support this feature.

### API for testing rtiostream communications

To run PIL or External mode simulations with custom hardware, you write your own rtiostream implementations.

R2013a provides a test suite to debug and prove the behavior of custom rtiostream interface implementations.

This new API has the following advantages:

- Reduces time for integrating custom hardware that does not have built-in rtiostream support.
- Reduces time for testing custom rtiostream drivers.
- Helps analyze the performance of custom rtiostream drivers.

This test suite has two parts. One part of the test suite runs on the target.

To launch this part, compile and link the following files, which are in *matlabroot*/toolbox/coder/rtiostream/src/rtiostreamtest.

- rtiostreamtest.c
- rtiostreamtest.h
- rtiostream.h
- rtiostream implementation under investigation (e.g., rtiostream\_tcpip.c)
- main.c

To run the second part of the test suite, invoke rtiostreamtest. The syntax is as follows:

function rtiostreamtest(connection,param1,param2)

- connection is a string indicating the communication method. It can have values 'tcp' or 'serial'.
- param1 and param2 have different values depending on the value of connection.

- If connection is 'tcp': param1, param2 are hostname and port, respectively.
- If connection is 'serial': param1, param2 are COM port and baud rate, respectively.

For example, you can run the second part of the test suite as follows:

```
function rtiostreamtest('tcp','localhost','2345')
```

## SIL and PIL support for targets with multicore processors

R2013a allows you to run SIL and PIL simulations of models that are configured for targets with multicore processors:

- You can run SIL and PIL simulations of **single-rate** component models in a concurrent execution model hierarchy, without modifying models or regenerating code.
- Previously, the configuration parameters, TargetOS and ConcurrentTasks, had to be the same across a model hierarchy. This restriction has been removed.

## Additional code annotation for justifying Polyspace checks

New Polyspace<sup>®</sup> code annotations have been added to justify occurrences of << and + inside fixed-point multiplication helper functions.

For more information, see "Code Annotation for Justifying Polyspace Checks".

### Code execution profiling improvements

## Comprehensive measurement and reporting of function execution times

R2013a provides comprehensive measurement and reporting of function execution times:

- The software measures execution times for initialization, shared utility and math library functions.
- The software inserts instrumentation probes around a function call site so that the measured time includes the time taken to call the function. Previously, the software inserted instrumentation probes inside the function. As a result, the measured time represented the execution time for only the function body.
- You can specify the time unit and numeric format for the time measurements in the code execution profiling report. Previously, the software reported execution times only in clock ticks. For information about the new default specifications for time unit and numeric format, see report.
- The code execution profiling report contains hyperlinks to function call sites in the SIL/PIL test harness. Previously, the report provided hyperlinks to only source code files generated from the model.

For more information, see "Code Execution Profiling".

## Viewing and comparing execution time plots with the Simulink Data Inspector

You can use the Simulation Data Inspector to view and compare plots of function execution times. If you select All measurement and analysis data from the **Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Verification > Save options** drop-down list, the software automatically imports SIL simulation results into the Simulation Data Inspector. This feature allows you to plot execution times and manage and compare plots from various simulations.

For more information, see "Configure Code Execution Profiling" and "View and Compare Code Execution Times".

#### Specification of hardware timer through the Code Replacement Tool

In SIL and PIL simulations, if your hardware target does not have built-in timer support, you must create a timer object that provides details of the hardware-specific timer and associated source files. In R2013a, you can specify this hardware-specific timer using either the graphical user interface of the Code Replacement Tool or the corresponding command line API. The software stores the timer information as a Code Replacement Library (CRL) table.

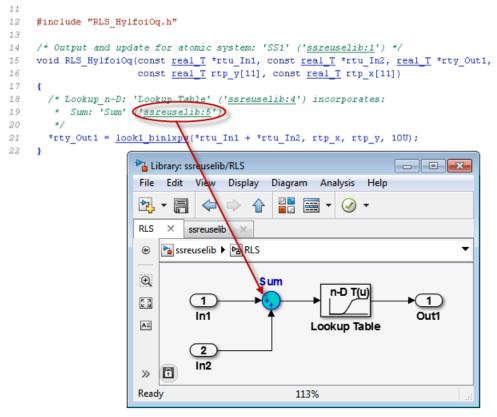
Previously, you could specify the timer using the MATLAB function coder.profile.Timer. However, support for this function will cease in a future release.

For more information, see "Specify Hardware Timer".

## Code-to-model traceability links for reusable subsystems in libraries

Code-to-model traceability links are now available in the generated code for a reusable library subsystem. Code-to-model traceability links for a reusable library subsystem appear in the comments of the generated code in the code generation report. The traceability link is the name of the library.

#### File: <u>RLS\_HylfoiOq.c</u>



To include traceability links in the generated code comments, see "Traceability in Code Generation Report".

## Check bug reports for issues and fixes

Software is inherently complex and is not free of errors. The output of a code generator might contain bugs, some of which are not detected by a compiler. MathWorks reports critical known bugs brought to its attention on its Bug Report system at www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/. Use the Saved Searches and Watched Bugs tool with the search phrase "Incorrect Code Generation" to obtain a report of known bugs that produce code that might compile and execute, but still produce wrong answers.

The bug reports are an integral part of the documentation for each release. Examine periodically all bug reports for a release, as such reports may identify inconsistencies between the actual behavior of a release you are using and the behavior described in this documentation.

In addition to reviewing bug reports, you should implement a verification and validation strategy to identify potential bugs in your design, code, and tools.

#### Search R2013a Bug Reports

Known Bugs for Incorrect Code Generation: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?product=ALL&release=R2013a &keyword=Incorrect+Code+Generation

All Known Bugs for This Product: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?release=R2013a&product=EC

# R2012b

Version: 6.3 New Features: Yes Bug Fixes: Yes

## Cyclomatic complexity measurement in static code metrics report

In R2012b, the static code metrics report includes a cyclomatic complexity measurement for each function. You can view the measurement in the **Complexity** column of the Function Information table. For more information, see Analyze Static Code Metrics.

# Custom code substitution for MATLAB functions using code replacement libraries

The coder.replace function provides the ability to replace a specified MATLAB function with a code replacement library (CRL) function in the generated code. You can use coder.replace both in MATLAB code from which you want to generate C code using MATLAB Coder and in MATLAB code in a MATLAB Function block. For more information, see coder.replace, Replace MATLAB Function with Custom Code, and Replace MATLAB Function Block Code with Custom Code.

In addition, you can use the code replacement tool to create and register code replacement tables. These tables provide the basis for replacing default math functions and operators in your generated code with target-specific code. The ability to control function and operator replacements potentially allows you to optimize target speed and memory and better integrate generated code with external and legacy code.

Access the code replacement tool using one of these methods:

• At the MATLAB command line, enter:

crtool

• On the MATLAB Coder **Project Settings** dialog box **Hardware** tab, click the **Custom** link.

For more information, see Create Code Replacement Table for a Sample MATLAB Coder Project.

## SIL and PIL support for signal logging, encapsulated C++, and AUTOSAR calibration parameters

Beginning in R2012b, Embedded Coder software supports using Simulink signal logging, encapsulated C++ code, and AUTOSAR calibration parameters in SIL and PIL mode simulations.

#### Signal logging for SIL and PIL simulations

In R2012b, Simulink signal logging is extended to the SIL and PIL simulation modes. This allows you to:

- Collect signal logging outputs (e.g., logsout) during SIL and PIL simulations.
- Log the internal signals and the root-level outputs of a SIL or PIL component.
- Manage the SIL and PIL signal logging settings using the Simulink Signal Logging Selector.
- More easily compare logged signals between normal, SIL, and PIL simulations, for example, using Simulation Data Inspector.

Signal logging is supported with the following forms of SIL and PIL simulation:

- Top-model SIL or PIL
- Model block (referenced model) SIL or PIL

SIL or PIL signal logging requires the following model configuration settings:

- On the **Data Import/Export** pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box, set **Signal logging format** to **Dataset**.
- On the **Code Generation > Interface** pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box, set **Interface** to C API.

#### Use SIL and PIL simulations to verify encapsulated C++ code

Previously, you could use SIL and PIL simulations to verify code generated with the model configuration **Language** setting C or C++. Beginning with R2012b, you can also use the **Language** setting C++ (Encapsulated).

Encapsulated C++ code is supported with the following forms of SIL and PIL simulation:

- SIL or PIL block
- Top-model SIL or PIL
- Model block (referenced model) SIL or PIL

### Improved SIL and PIL verification for AUTOSAR-compliant code

The following forms of SIL and PIL simulation support AUTOSAR calibration parameters in generated code:

- SIL or PIL block
- Top-model SIL or PIL

You can use the calibration parameter custom storage classes CalPrm and InternalCalPrm to reference data.

### AUTOSAR 4.0 nonscalar data support

R2012b extends Embedded Coder support for using nonscalar data in models from which AUTOSAR 4.0 compatible code is generated. Previously, you could use nonscalar data associated with port elements, calibration parameters, and per-instance memory. Beginning in R2012b, you also can use nonscalar interrunnable variables (IRVs) in models configured for AUTOSAR.

For information about other AUTOSAR-related enhancements and changes, see "AUTOSAR software component import and export enhancements" on page 56.

## **Code annotation for justifying Polyspace checks**

You can apply Polyspace verification to generated code using the Polyspace Model Link<sup>™</sup> SL product. The software detects run-time errors in the generated code. It also helps you to locate and fix model faults.

Because of the way Embedded Coder implements certain operations, Polyspace might indicate potential overflows for operators or operations that are actually legitimate.

Previously, you manually justified the associated orange checks in the Polyspace verification environment.

Now, if you select the new check box, **Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments > Auto generate comments > Operator annotations**, the Embedded Coder software annotates the generated code with comments for Polyspace. When you run a Polyspace verification, the Polyspace software uses the comments to justify overflows associated with legitimate operations and assigns the Not a Defect classification to the corresponding checks.

For more information, see Code Annotation for Justifying Polyspace Checks.

## Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio IDE 5.1 support

This release adds support for version 5.1 of the Texas Instruments<sup>TM</sup> Code Composer Studio<sup>TM</sup> IDE (CCS) to existing support for CCS versions 3.3 and 4.1.

Support for CCS version 5.1 includes the following capabilities:

- Automatic creation of makefile projects
- Support for DSP/BIOS<sup>™</sup> version 5.41.xx
- Support for C6000<sup>™</sup> Compiler version 7.3.x

For more information, see Working with Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio IDE.

## External mode support for ERT targets with static main

Previously, Embedded Coder software supported External mode for ERT targets only if the associated main program was automatically generated by the model build process. Beginning in R2012b, the software also supports External mode for ERT targets with a static main program. Specifically, the static main file *matlabroot*/rtw/c/src/common/rt\_main.c has been enhanced to support External mode.

If you have authored a custom ERT-based target, you can support External mode with your custom main program by updating your main program, using the code in rt\_main.c as an example.

#### Downloadable support for Green Hills MULTI Compatibility Considerations: Yes

If you have an Embedded Coder license, you can install support for Green Hills<sup>®</sup> MULTI<sup>®</sup> IDE (MULTI) as described in Install Support for Green Hills MULTI IDE. Support for MULTI includes the same capabilities that were previously available.

After installing support for MULTI, you can use the "Target for Use with Green Hills MULTI IDE" block library, located in the Simulink Library Browser. You can open this block library by entering idelinklib\_ghsmulti in the MATLAB Command Window.

The block library contains blocks for:

- Analog Devices Blackfin processors
  - Memory Allocate
  - Memory Copy
  - Blackfin Hardware Interrupt
  - Idle Task
- Freescale<sup>™</sup> MPC55xx and MPC74xx processors
  - Memory Allocate
  - Memory Copy
  - Idle Task
  - MPC5500 Interrupt
  - MPC7400 Hardware Interrupt

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

Previously, Embedded Coder software included support for MULTI. Now, use Target Installer to install support before using Embedded Coder with MULTI.

## Support for Texas Instruments C2806x processors

This release adds support for Texas Instruments C2806x processors to Embedded Coder.

This support adds the C2806x (c2806xlib) block library to the Simulink Library Browser. The C2806x block library includes the following blocks:

- C2802x/C2803x/C2806x ADC
- C2802x/C2803x/C2806x AnalogIO Input
- C2802x/C2803x/C2806x AnalogIO Output
- C28x CAN Calibration Protocol
- C2802x/C2803x/C2806x COMP
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C2806x/C28x3x/c2834x GPIO Digital Input
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C2806x/C28x3x/c2834x GPIO Digital Output
- C28x I2C Receive
- C28x I2C Transmit
- C28x SCI Receive
- C28x SCI Transmit
- C28x SPI Receive
- C28x SPI Transmit
- C28x Software Interrupt Trigger
- C28x Watchdog
- C28x eCAN Receive
- C28x eCAN Transmit
- C28x eCAP
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C2806x/C28x3x/c2834x ePWM
- C28x eQEP

For more information, see C2806x (c2806xlib).

### Performance enhancement of Simulink data objects

In R2012b, Simulink can create and load subclasses of Simulink data classes more efficiently. To take advantage of this enhancement, use the setupCoderInfo method to configure the CoderInfo object of your class. The setupCoderInfo method is called once during object construction.

Consider the example of the ECoderDemos.Parameter class. Previously, this class was defined as follows. Notice how the CoderInfo object is configured in the class constructor.

```
classdef Parameter < Simulink.Parameter
% ECoderDemos.Parameter Class definition.
        methods
                function h = Parameter(optionalValue)
                % Use custom storage classes from this package
                useLocalCustomStorageClasses(h, 'ECoderDemos');
                % Set up object to use custom storage classes by default
                h.CoderInfo.StorageClass = 'Custom';
                % Initialize Value property
                        switch nargin
                                case 0.
                                        % No action
                                case 1,
                                        h.Value = optionalValue;
                        end
                end
        end % methods
end % classdef
```

In this release, the ECoderDemos.Parameter class is defined as follows. Notice the use of the setupCoderInfo method to configure the CoderInfo object. The rest of the constructor method is unchanged.

**Note** You can access this class definition at matlabroot/toolbox/rtw/targets/ecoder/ecoderdemos/dataclasses-/+ECoderDemos/@Parameter/Parameter.m.

```
classdef Parameter < Simulink.Parameter</pre>
% ECoderDemos.Parameter Class definition
        methods
                function setupCoderInfo(h)
                % Use custom storage classes from this package
                useLocalCustomStorageClasses(h, 'ECoderDemos');
                % Set up object to use custom storage classes by default
                h.CoderInfo.StorageClass = 'Custom';
                end
                function h = Parameter(optionalValue)
                % Initialize Value property
                        switch nargin
                                 case 0,
                                % No action
                                 case 1,
                                         h.Value = optionalValue;
                        end
                end
        end % methods
end % classdef
```

## AUTOSAR software component import and export enhancements

R2012b adds AUTOSAR workflow improvements, including import validation and faster import and export of arxml files. See also "AUTOSAR 4.0 nonscalar data support" on page 48.

#### Import validation

Beginning in R2012b, the AUTOSAR software component importer validates the XML in the imported arxml files. If XML validation fails for a file, the importer displays errors. For example:

Error

```
The IsService attribute is undefined for interface /mtest_pkg/mtest_if/In1
in file hArxmlFileErrorMissingIsService_SR_3p2.arxml:48.
Specify the IsService attribute to be either true or false
```

In this example message, the file name is a hyperlink, and you can click the hyperlink to see the location of the error in the arxml file.

#### Faster import and export of arxml files

Beginning in R2012b, Embedded Coder software provides up to 20 times faster import and export of AUTOSAR software component descriptions.

#### **Explicit access mode for AUTOSAR Sender and Receiver ports**

Previously, the AUTOSAR software component importer did not support explicit data access modes for AUTOSAR component Sender and Receiver ports. It issued a warning for an explicit data access mode and set the port data access mode to implicit. Beginning in R2012b, the importer analyzes the AUTOSAR software component to determine whether the data access mode for a port is implicit or explicit. The importer honors an explicit access mode setting. However, if conflicting data access modes are detected, the importer issues a warning and sets the data access mode to implicit.

#### Import port-based calibration parameters

The AUTOSAR software component importer has been enhanced to import any port-based calibration parameters referenced in the AUTOSAR software component. For each imported parameter, the importer creates a data object in the MATLAB base workspace.

## Highlight virtual blocks in model Web view of code generation report

In the model Web view of the code generation report, when tracing between the model and the code, if you click a virtual block and no code is highlighted in the generated code pane, the virtual block is highlighted yellow.

## Code Execution Profiling Improvements

Compatibility Considerations: Yes

### **Updated Code Execution Profiling API**

The existing code execution profiling APIs, rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile and rtw.pil.ExecutionProfileSection, have been replaced with coder.profile.ExecutionTime and coder.profile.ExecutionTimeSection respectively.

### **Compatibility Considerations**

The old class names and methods forward to the corresponding new class names and methods. A warning is not issued. The old method names are hidden and no longer documented.

### **New Properties and Methods**

The following new methods and properties have been added:

Interface	Method or Property	
coder.profile.Timer	coder.profile.Timer	
coder.profile.ExecutionTime	display	
	Sections	
	TimerTicksPerSecond	
	report	
coder. profile. Execution Time Section	ExecutionTimeInTicks	
	MaximumExecutionTimeCallNum	
	MaximumExecutionTimeInTicks	
	MaximumSelfTimeCallNum	
	MaximumSelfTimeInTicks	
	Name	
	Number	

Interface	Method or Property
	NumCalls
	SampleOffset
	SamplePeriod
	SelfTimeInTicks
	TotalExecutionTimeInTicks
	TotalSelfTimeInTicks

### **Functionality Being Removed or Changed**

The following functionality is being removed or changed:

Functionality	What Happens When You Use This Functionality?	Use This Instead	Compatibility Considerations
rtw.connectivity.Timer	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Timer without warning message.	coder.profile.Timer	All methods are the same as rtw.connectivity.Timer
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- .display	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- Time.display without warning message.	display	None
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- .report	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- Time.report without warning message.	report	None
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile. .getSectionProfile rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile. .getNumSectionProfiles	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- Time.Sections without warning message.	Sections	Uses property syntax

Functionality	What Happens When You Use This Functionality?	Use This Instead	Compatibility Considerations
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile. .getTimerTicksPerSecond rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile. .setTimerTicksPerSecond	Calls are forwarded to property coder.profile.Execution- Time.TimerTicksPerSec without warning message.	TimerTicksPerSecond	Uses property syntax
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- Section.getMaxTicks	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- TimeSection.Maximum- ExecutionTimeInTicks without warning message.	MaximumExecution- TimeInTicks	Uses property syntax
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- Section.getName	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- TimeSection.Name without warning message.	Name	Uses property syntax
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- Section.getNumCalls	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- TimeSection.NumCalls without warning message.	NumCalls	Uses property syntax
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- .getSectionNumber	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- Time.Number without warning message.	Number	Uses property syntax
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- Section.getTicks	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- TimeSection.Execution- TimeInTicks without warning message.	ExecutionTimeInTicks	Uses property syntax

Functionality	What Happens When You Use This Functionality?	Use This Instead	Compatibility Considerations
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile. .getTimes	Call is forwarded to the legacy getTimes function without warning message.	Calculate execution time in seconds by the formula ExecutionTimeInSecs = ExecutionTimeInTicks / TimerTicksPerSecond.	No equivalent to getTimes in new interface.
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- Section.getTotalTicks	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- TimeSection.TotalExecu TimeInTicks without warning message.	TotalExecution- TimeInTicks tion-	Uses property syntax
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- Section.getSampleOffset	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- TimeSection.SampleOffs without warning message.	SampleOffset set	Uses property syntax
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- Section.getSamplePeriod	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- TimeSection.SamplePer without warning message.	SamplePeriod iod	Uses property syntax
rtw.pil.ExecutionProfile- Section.getTotalSelfTicks	Call is forwarded to coder.profile.Execution- TimeSection.TotalSelf- TimeInTicks without warning message.	TotalSelfTimeInTicks	Uses property syntax

### **Code Execution Profiling Supports Single Object Output**

Code execution profiling during a SIL or PIL simulation honors the **Save simulation output as a single object** setting.

If the **Measure task execution time** check box is selected in the **Verification** pane and the **Save simulation output as a single object** check box is selected in the **Data Import/Export** pane, then the **Workspace variable** defined in the **Verification** pane is saved in the single output object instead of in the base workspace.

## Incremental Compilation with Changes in Code Coverage Settings

If only code coverage settings have changed and the generated code is otherwise up to date, code is not regenerated. Instead, the existing up-to-date code is recompiled using the new code coverage settings.

## Check bug reports for issues and fixes

Software is inherently complex and is not free of errors. The output of a code generator might contain bugs, some of which are not detected by a compiler. MathWorks reports critical known bugs brought to its attention on its Bug Report system at www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/. Use the Saved Searches and Watched Bugs tool with the search phrase "Incorrect Code Generation" to obtain a report of known bugs that produce code that might compile and execute, but still produce wrong answers.

The bug reports are an integral part of the documentation for each release. Examine periodically all bug reports for a release, as such reports may identify inconsistencies between the actual behavior of a release you are using and the behavior described in this documentation.

In addition to reviewing bug reports, you should implement a verification and validation strategy to identify potential bugs in your design, code, and tools.

#### Search R2012b Bug Reports

Known Bugs for Incorrect Code Generation: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?product=ALL&release=R2012b &keyword=Incorrect+Code+Generation

All Known Bugs for This Product: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?release=R2012b&product=EC

## R2012a

Version: 6.2 New Features: Yes Bug Fixes: Yes

#### **AUTOSAR Enhancements**

#### **AUTOSAR Release 4.0**

R2012a supports AUTOSAR Release 4.0 (version 4.0.2), which includes:

- Import and export of AUTOSAR R4.0 XML files
- Generation of AUTOSAR R4.0 code
- Support for *application* and *implementation* data types and *base* types. For more information, see Data Type Support for Release 4.0.
- **Code replacement library** (CRL) support for over 300 routines from the following AUTOSAR libraries:
  - Floating-Point Math (AUTOSAR\_SWS\_MFLLibrary)
  - Fixed-Point Math (AUTOSAR\_SWS\_MFXLibrary)

#### Support for Schema 2.0 Removed

Support for AUTOSAR schema version 2.0 has been removed from R2012a. The software now supports the following schema versions:

- 4.0 (4.0.2)
- 3.2 (3.2.1)
- 3.1 (3.1.4) Default
- 3.0 (3.0.2)
- 2.1 (XSD rev 0017)

#### **Code Efficiency Enhancements**

#### For Each Subsystem Loop Bound Passed by Value

The generated code of the For Each subsystem includes a loop bound that was previously passed by a pointer. In R2012a, the loop bound is passed by value which improves memory usage and execution speed.

For example, if you have a For Each subsystem with a **Function name**, myFcnVectorized, the generated code for the function prototype is:

```
void myFcnVectorized(int32_T NumIters, ) {
  for (ForEach_itr = 0;
     ForEach_itr < NumIters;
     ForEach_itr++) { ...</pre>
```

The argument NumIters is passed by value, instead of by pointer. The function is called as follows:

```
myFcnVectorized(3, ...
```

For more information, see For Each Subsystem in the Simulink documentation.

#### Fully Inlined S-functions from Legacy Code Tool

The Legacy Code Tool now automatically generates fully inlined S-functions for legacy code. Previously, the generated code included an unnecessary data copy for the function-call input. In R2012a, these temporary variables are no longer generated. This enhancement reduces memory usage and improves execution speed, as well as enabling other optimizations and a consistent coding style.

For example, temporary variables, tmp and tmp\_0, were used for the generated function-call input:

```
int32_T i;
real_T tmp[6];
real_T tmp_0[6];
for (i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
   /* S-Function (rtwdemo sfun ndarray add):'<S1>/rtwdemo sfun ndarray add' */
```

```
array3d_add(rtb_Output1,tmp,tmp_0,1,2,3);
```

Now, the generated code is:

int32\_T i;

```
/* S-Function (rtwdemo_sfun_ndarray_add):'<S1>/rtwdemo_sfun_ndarray_add' */
```

For more information, see Integrate External Code Using Legacy Code Tool.

#### Element-Wise Operations as Inputs to Intrinsic Functions

In previous releases, element-wise operations were performed in temporary variables before being used as inputs in an intrinsic function call. In R2012a, element-wise operations are performed within the intrinsic function call to improve memory usage and execution speed.

For example, in previous releases when you generated code for the following MATLAB code:

```
function y = matrixExpand(u1, u2)
eml.varsize('u1', [4, 8, 10]);
eml.varsize('u2', [4, 8, 10]);
y = isnan(u1 + u2);
```

element-wise operations were stored in a temporary variable, x\_data, which became the input to the generated intrinsic function, muDoubleScalarIsNan:

```
for (i = 0; i <= loop_ub; i++) {
    x_data[i] = u1_data[i] + u2_data[i];
}
...
for (i = 0; i <= loop_ub; i++) {
    y_data[i] = muDoubleScalarIsNaN(x_data[i]);
}</pre>
```

In R2012a, the temporary variable is eliminated in the generated code and the element-wise operations occur in the function call input:

```
for (i = 0; i <= loop_ub; i++) {
   y_data[i] = muDoubleScalarIsNaN(u1_data[i] + u2_data[i]);
}</pre>
```

## Enhancements to Custom Storage Classes in Simulink and mpt Packages

In this release, enhancements have been made to the following custom storage classes (CSCs) in the Simulink package.

- **Owner** property added to Const, Volatile, ConstVolatile, ExportToFile
- **Definition file** property added to Const, Volatile, ConstVolatile, ExportToFile
- Header file property added to Const, Volatile, ConstVolatile, Define

The following enhancements have been made to CSCs in the mpt package

- Owner property has been added to ExportToFile
- Settings for the **Owner** and **Definition file** properties for Global, Custom, Volatile, and ConstVolatile CSCs have been moved from the **Other Attributes** tab to the General tab of the Custom Storage Class Designer.

#### Code Generation Report Includes Simulink Web View

R2012a supports integration of the Simulink Web view into the code generation report. You can view the generated code and model in a single web browser window without MATLAB and Simulink installed on your computer.

To generate a code generation report with the model Web view, on the **Code Generation > Report** pane of the model configuration parameters, select:

- Create code generation report
- Generate model Web view
- Open report automatically (optional)

For navigation between the generated code and the model in the Web view, select

- Code-to-model
- Model-to-code

For more information, see Include Model Web View in HTML Code Generation Report. The model Web view requires a Simulink Report Generator<sup>™</sup> license.

## LDRA Testbed Code Coverage Annotations in Code Generation Report

If you specify the LDRA Testbed<sup>®</sup> code coverage tool for a SIL/PIL simulation, the code generation report provides summary data and code annotations with LDRA Testbed coverage information. Each code annotation is associated with a code feature and indicates the nature of the feature coverage during code execution. See Code Coverage Summary and Annotations in Code Generation Report.

You should not use the code generation report alone to check that your coverage goals have been achieved. You must refer to the LDRA Testbed Report. See View Code Coverage Information at the End of SIL or PIL Simulations.

#### **Generated Identifiers Enhancements**

#### **Simplified Identifiers for Model Reference Code**

Previously, model reference identifiers were generated with the mr\_ prefix. In R2012a, code generation no longer includes the mr\_ prefix to identifiers. This naming convention is now consistent with the code generation of subsystem identifiers and other identifiers. For more information, see Configuring Generated Identifiers.

#### **Consistent Identifiers for Comparing Generated Code**

To generate unique identifiers in the generated code, the code generation process inserts a mangling string in an identifier name. Previously, the mangling string was generated using the full block path name, which included the model name. In R2012a, the mangling string uses the Simulink Identifier (SID), which is unique within the model. This mangling string allows for consistent identifiers for similar or derived models, because the SID is persistent even if you change the name of the model. If you create another model using Save As, the SID is preserved for each block. For blocks in a subsystem, the SID is preserved whether you build the subsystem or build the model containing the subsystem.

For example, you might want to make a structural change to a model and then see the impact of the change on the generated code. You can save your model using Save As and make a change to the saved model. To see only the change in the generated code due to the change in the model, you can compare the generated code from the original and derived model. Before R2012a, the identifiers from the derived model were different, because the mangling string included the different model names. It was difficult to see only the difference in the generated code from the change in the model. Now, when you compare the generated code for the two models, the difference is just the code resulting from the change in the derived model.

If you have an Embedded Coder license, see Configure Generated Identifiers in Embedded System Code for more information on customizing generated identifiers.

#### Code Replacement Enhancements Compatibility Considerations: Yes

R2012a provides the following enhancements to code replacement library support.

#### Target Function Libraries Renamed to Code Replacement Libraries

In R2012a, target function libraries (TFLs) are renamed to code replacement libraries (CRLs). The change is reflected in software, demos, and documentation. The changes include the following:

- The model configuration parameter **Target function library** (TargetFunctionLibrary) is renamed to **Code replacement library** (CodeReplacementLibrary). The command line parameter TargetFunctionLibrary is still supported, but when you save a model, the library value is saved using the parameter CodeReplacementLibrary.
- The code replacement demo rtwdemo\_tfl\_script is renamed to rtwdemo\_crl\_script, and the rtwdemo\_tfl\* models associated with the demo are renamed to rtwdemo\_crl\*. For example, the model rtwdemo\_tfladdsub is renamed to rtwdemo\_crladdsub.
- The code replacement demo coderdemo\_tfl is renamed to coderdemo\_crl.
- The Target Function Library (TFL) Viewer is renamed to Code Replacement Viewer.

Code replacement related items that have *not* been renamed include code replacement classes, functions, and commands. Examples include the RTW.TflCOperationEntry class, the setTflCFunctionEntryParameters function, and the RTW.viewTfl command.

#### **Enhanced Code Replacement Traceability**

R2012a provides enhanced code replacement traceability, using the model option **Summarize which blocks triggered code replacements**, which is located on the **Code Generation > Report** pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box. When you select **Summarize which blocks triggered code replacements**:

- Code generation includes a *code replacement report* in the HTML code generation report for your model.
- Code replacement trace information is generated for viewing in the **Trace Information** tab of the Code Replacement Viewer.

The code replacement report lists replacement functions and their associated blocks. You can use the report to:

- Determine which replacement functions were used in the generated code.
- Trace each replacement instance back to the Simulink block that triggered the replacement.

For more information, see Analyze Code Replacements in the Generated Code

The **Trace Information** tab of the Code Replacement Viewer lists **Hit Source Locations** and **Miss Source Locations**. The Viewer provides links to each source location (the source block for which code replacement was considered) and, for misses, lists a **Miss Reason**. For example, if a rounding mode setting did not match between a CRL entry and a block, the Viewer displays a reason similar to the following: "Mismatched rounding mode: actual 'RTW\_ROUND\_SIMPLEST', expected 'RTW\_ROUND\_CEILING'." After generating code for your model, you can open the Code Replacement Viewer for viewing hits and misses using the following commands:

```
>> crl=get_param('model','TargetFcnLibHandle')
>> RTW.viewTfl(crl)
```

When debugging a CRL entry, you can use code replacement report information together with hits and misses information in the Code Replacement Viewer to determine why a replacement function was not used in the generated code.

For more information, see Trace Code Replacements Generated Using Your Code Replacement Library and Determine Why Code Replacement Functions Were Not Used.

## Code Replacement Support for Simulink Matrix Division and Inversion Operators

Embedded Coder software now provides Simulink code replacement support for the following nonscalar division and inversion operators:

Operator	Кеу
Matrix right division (/)	RTW_OP_RDIV
Matrix left division (\)	RTW_OP_LDIV
Matrix inversion (inv)	RTW_OP_INV

For more information, see Map Nonscalar Operators to Target-Specific Implementations.

### Code Replacement Support for MATLAB Coder fix, hypot, round, and sign Functions

Embedded Coder software now provides MATLAB Coder code replacement support for fix, hypot, round, and sign functions.

#### **Integer Functions Now Return Real-World Values**

The following functions now return real-world values instead of stored integer values: int8, int16, int32, int64, uint8, uint16, uint32, and uint64.

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

In code generation with MATLAB Coder or Simulink Coder, if you used a CRL to replace a cast in your replacement function, silent incorrect numerical results may occur. The numerical results will not change if the input fi object has binary-point scaling and zero fractional length. To optimize code generation, these integer functions now use floor rounding, instead of nearest rounding, when the input fraction length equals 0. You should reevaluate your integer cast replacement functions and update their replacement tables.

#### **SIL and PIL Enhancements**

R2012a supports the following enhancements for software-in-the loop (SIL) and processor-in-the-loop (PIL) simulations.

#### SIL and PIL Test Harness Files in Code Generation Report

For top-model and Model block SIL and PIL simulations, the software now displays test harness files and the corresponding static code metrics in the code generation report.

Code Generation Report		3. Function Information [hide]				
contents		5. Function mormation [mde]				
Summary		View function metrics in a call tree format or table format. Accumulated stack numbers include				
Subsystem Report		the estimated stack size of the function plus the maximum of the accumulated stack size of the subroutines that the function calls.				
Code Interface Report		Subroutines that the function calls. View: Call Tree   Table				
Traceability Report		Function Name	Accumulated Self Stack	Lines of Code	Lines	
Static Code Metrics Report			Stack Size (bytes)	Size (bytes)		
Code Replacements Report	1000	▶[-] main	1,552	12	22	32
Generated Files		[+] xillnit	1,540	4	7	10
[-] Main file		[+] xilTerminateComms	540	8	7	9
ert main.c		[-] xilRun	430	29	191	222
[-] Model files	=	[+] processData	401	9	49	61
rtwdemo sil topmodel.c		[+] finalizeCommandResponse	393	1	14	21
rtwdemo_sil_topmodel.h		[+] xilReadData	384	24	22	28
		[+] xillnitialize	4	4	8	12
[+] Shared Utility files (1)		xillnitializeConditions	4	4	7	11
[-] Interface files		xilGetDataTypeInfo	0	0	1	3
<u>rtiostream.h</u>		xilProcessParams	0	0	4	7
rtiostream_tcpip.c		[-] xilOutput	0	0	11	14
rtwdemo_sil_topmodel_sbs.c		<pre>[-] rtwdemo_sil_topmodel_</pre>	step	0	0 5	26
<u>sil_main.c</u>		CounterTypeA	0	0	11	43
target_io.c		CounterTypeB	0	0	8	31
target_io.h		xilTerminate	0	0	4	8
<u>xil_common.h</u>		xilEnable	0	0	5	9
<u>xil_data_stream.h</u>		xilDisable	0	0	5	9
<u>xil_interface.c</u>	-	xilUpdate	0	0	5	9

This feature helps you to:

• Understand and review the SIL and PIL verification process.

• See how your registered custom target connectivity files fit into the target application that runs during a SIL or PIL simulation.

This feature is not available for simulations that you run with the PIL block. For more information, see View Test Harness Files in Code Generation Report.

#### PIL Support for Code Coverage with LDRA Testbed

The target connectivity API supports code coverage with LDRA Testbed for the following types of PIL simulation:

- Top-Model PIL
- Model block PIL

Previously, support for code coverage during a PIL simulation was only available in special cases, where your PIL application could write directly to the host file system.

You can run PIL simulations on simulator or target hardware and collect code coverage metrics to support high integrity workflows, for example, DO-178B and ISO 26262. For more information, see Use a Code Coverage Tool in SIL and PIL Simulations.

### Seamless Switching Between SIL and PIL for Top-Model and Model Block

If you select **Configuration Parameters > SIL and PIL Verification > Enable portable word sizes**, you can switch between the SIL and PIL simulation modes without:

- Changing configuration parameters of your model
- Regenerating code (if your model is up-to-date)

This feature:

- Applies only to top-model and Model block SIL/PIL
- Requires that the code can be compiled by both the host computer and the target platform

If your target uses code that cannot be compiled on the host, then you see compilation errors when you try to simulate the model in SIL mode. You might be able to work around this problem by adding the source code files to the SkipForSil group in the build information object RTW.BuildInfo. The SIL build on the host platform does not compile source files present in the SkipForSil group. See Code that the Host Cannot Compile.

#### **Enhanced Hardware Implementation Support**

#### Host and Target Floating Point Data Type Sizes

The host and target floating point data type sizes must be the same. Previously, a mismatch would produce undefined behaviour resulting in a simulation failure. Now, the software generates an error with a clear message when the host and target data types are *not*:

- 32 bits for single
- 64 bits for double

For more information, seeHardware Implementation Support.

#### Word-Addressable Targets

Previously, the target connectivity API did not support word-addressable targets for PIL simulations or SIL simulations with PortableWordSizes enabled. This limitation has been removed.

In addition, data type sizes that are smaller than the target word sizes are now supported. See Hardware Implementation Support.

The software uses the MATLAB host byte order when sending words through the rtIOStream API. For information about host byte ordering, see computer in the MATLAB Reference documentation.

#### **Top-Model Output Limitations Removed**

Previously, in a top-model SIL/PIL simulation, not all signal and output logging fields matched the fields produced by a Normal simulation. For example:

- With signal logging, the software would add the suffix \_wrapper to the block path for signals in logsout.
- With output logging, if the save format was Structure or Structure with time, the software would add the suffix \_wrapper to the block name for signals in yout.

These limitations are not present in R2012a, except if you do one of the following:

- Specify the signal logging format to be ModelDataLogs. In this case, yout will still contain references to the wrapper model. You should use the Dataset signal logging format. See Simulink.SimulationData.Dataset in the Simulink reference documentation.
- Run command line simulations using the sim command but without specifying the single-output format. See Using the sim Command in the Simulink documentation.

#### Model Block SIL/PIL Support for Absolute Time

Previously, you could not run a Model block in the SIL or PIL mode if the Model block contained Simulink blocks that depended on absolute time. Now, Model block SIL/PIL supports absolute time except for the following case: the Model block contains Simulink blocks that require absolute time **and** the Model block is conditionally executed. See Configuration Parameters Support.

#### Changes for ERT and ERT-Based Targets Compatibility Considerations: Yes

In R2012a, the simplified model call interface used by ERT targets has been further streamlined. (The simplified call interface also is now available to GRT target users — see Simplified Call Interface for Generated Code in the R2012a Simulink Coder Release Notes.) With the call interface enhancements come some compatibility considerations for static ERT main program (ert\_main.c) files created before R2012a.

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

#### ERT Main Programs Now Include rtmodel.h Instead of autobuild.h

- In previous releases, GRT-based main programs such as grt\_main.c and grt\_malloc\_main.c included rtmodel.h (which includes model.h) to access model-specific data structures and entry points. However, the static ERT main program ert\_main.c included a different file, autobuild.h.
- Beginning in R2012a, GRT and static ERT main programs include rtmodel.h. If you have a static ERT main program created before R2012a that you want to use with R2012a generated code, update the main program to include rtmodel.h instead of autobuild.h.

tid Argument to Model Step or Model Output/Update Function No Longer Generated As part of streamlining the model call interface, code generation no longer generates the *tid* argument to *model\_step* or *model\_output/model\_update* functions in multirate, single-tasking models. If you have a static ERT main program created before R2012a that you want to use with R2012a generated code, update the main program to remove the *tid* argument in model function calls.

#### firstTime Argument to Model Initialize Function No Longer Generated As part of streamlining the model call interface, code generation no longer generates the *firstTime* argument to the *model\_*initialize function. If you have a static ERT main program created before R2012a that you want to use with R2012a generated code, update the main program to remove the *firstTime* argument in model initialize function calls.

**Note** The target configuration parameter ERTFirstTimeCompliant and the model configuration parameter IncludeERTFirstTime will be removed from the Embedded Coder software in a future release.

#### MAT-file Logging and External Mode Calls Moved from Model

**Code to Main Program** As part of streamlining the model call interface, some MAT-file logging and External mode calls have been moved from the generated model code in model.c or .cpp to the main program code in ert\_main.c. MAT-file logging and External mode calls are not heavily used in production code environments. However, if you have a static ERT main program created before R2012a that you want to use with R2012a generated code, and if you do want to support MAT-file logging or External mode, update the main program to add the MAT-file logging and External mode calls.

#### **Changes for Embedded IDEs and Embedded Targets**

- "Support Added for GCC 4.4 on Host Computers Running Linux with Eclipse IDE" on page 85
- "Support Added for Using Processor-in-the-Loop (PIL) with Serial Communication Interface (SCI) for TI C2000 Processors" on page 85
- "Support Removed for Freescale MPC5xx" on page 85
- "Limitation: Parallel Builds Not Supported for Embedded Targets" on page 86

## Support Added for GCC 4.4 on Host Computers Running Linux with Eclipse IDE

Embedded Coder software now supports version 4.4 of GCC on host computers running Linux with Eclipse IDE. This support is on both 32-bit and 64-bit host Linux platforms.

If you were using an earlier version of GCC on Linux with Eclipse, upgrade to GCC 4.4.

#### Support Added for Using Processor-in-the-Loop (PIL) with Serial Communication Interface (SCI) for TI C2000 Processors

You can now perform PIL simulation over a SCI interface with Texas Instruments C280x, C2802x, C2803x, C28x3x, c2834x processors. Previously, this capability was supported only for TI C28035 and C28335 processors.

#### Support Removed for Freescale MPC5xx

This release removes support for the Freescale MPC5xx processor family from the Embedded Coder product.

Attempting to generate code from models that contain blocks for Freescale MPC5xx hardware produces an error message.

## Limitation: Parallel Builds Not Supported for Embedded Targets

The Simulink Coder product provides an API for MATLAB Distributed Computing Server<sup>™</sup> and Parallel Computing Toolbox<sup>™</sup> products. The API allows these products to perform parallel builds that reduce build time for referenced models. However, the API does not support parallel builds for models whose **System target file** parameter is set to idelink\_ert.tlc or idelink\_grt.tlc. Thus, you cannot perform parallel builds for Embedded Targets.

#### **New and Enhanced Demos**

The following demos have been added in R2012a:

Demo	Shows How You Can
rtwdemo_roll_axis	Generate code for a roll axis autopilot control system. The rtwdemo_roll model represents a basic roll axis autopilot with two operating modes: roll attitude hold and heading hold. rtwdemo_roll replaces rtwdemo_f14.
c28335_pmsmfoc_script	Schedule a multi-rate controller for a permanent magnet synchronous machine (PMSM) motor control application that runs on a Texas Instruments F28335 processor.

The following demos have been enhanced in R2012a:

Demo	Now
coderdemo_crl	Reflects the renaming of target function libraries (TFLs) to code replacement libraries (CRLs).
rtwdemo_crl_script	• Reflects the renaming of target function libraries (TFLs) to code replacement libraries (CRLs).
	• Illustrates code replacement for Simulink matrix division and inversion operators.
rtwdemo_pmsmfoc_script	Added torque and position control modes to controller, parameterized motor and sensor data, and added support for specifying baud rate in example PIL implementation.

Demo	Now
rtwdemo_radar	Shows how to simulate and generate code for the model rtwdemo_eml_aero_radar, which contains a MATLAB script.
rtwdemo_configuration_set	Shows how to use the Code Generation Advisor and to automate the process of configuring a model for simulation and code generation.

#### Check bug reports for issues and fixes

Software is inherently complex and is not free of errors. The output of a code generator might contain bugs, some of which are not detected by a compiler. MathWorks reports critical known bugs brought to its attention on its Bug Report system at www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/. Use the Saved Searches and Watched Bugs tool with the search phrase "Incorrect Code Generation" to obtain a report of known bugs that produce code that might compile and execute, but still produce wrong answers.

The bug reports are an integral part of the documentation for each release. Examine periodically all bug reports for a release, as such reports may identify inconsistencies between the actual behavior of a release you are using and the behavior described in this documentation.

In addition to reviewing bug reports, you should implement a verification and validation strategy to identify potential bugs in your design, code, and tools.

#### Search R2012a Bug Reports

Known Bugs for Incorrect Code Generation: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?product=ALL&release=R2012a &keyword=Incorrect+Code+Generation

All Known Bugs for This Product: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?release=R2012a&product=EC

## R2011b

Version: 6.1 New Features: Yes Bug Fixes: Yes

#### **Static Code Metrics in Code Generation Report**

The HTML code generation report now includes a static code metrics report. The static code metrics include: number of source code files, number of lines of code, list of global variables, functions in a call tree format, and the estimated stack size required for a function.

To generate the static code metrics report, on the **Code Generation** > **Report** pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box, select the **Static code metrics** parameter and build your model. For more information, see Analyze Static Code Metrics of the Generated Code.

#### **AUTOSAR Enhancements**

#### Import and Export of AUTOSAR Sensor/Actuator Components

Embedded Coder now supports Sensor/Actuator Software Components. The key difference between a sensor/actuator component and an application component is that a sensor/actuator component can access the I/O hardware abstraction part within the ECU abstraction layer.

This support allows you to import sensor/actuator components, implement and test designs within Simulink, and export sensor/actuator components. For more information, see Use the Configure AUTOSAR Interface Dialog Box.

#### **Improved Simulink Library Support for Multiple Runnables**

Previously, Embedded Coder did not support the creation of multiple runnables from subsystems with links to Simulink library blocks. For example, you had to disable and break links to library blocks in order to configure and validate the subsystems as AUTOSAR runnables.

Now, the software supports the creation of multiple runnables when:

- The wrapper subsystem (containing function-call subsystems) is a link to a library block
- The function-call subsystems (within the wrapper subsystem) are links to library blocks

For more information, see Configure Multiple Runnables in the Embedded Coder documentation.

#### **AUTOSAR Schema Version 3.2**

The software now supports AUTOSAR schema version 3.2 (3.2.1). See Select an AUTOSAR Schema.

#### **Export AUTOSAR XML as Single File**

When you export an AUTOSAR Software Component, you can generate XML as either a set of files (default) or a single file. The latter option is new. For more information, see Use the Configure AUTOSAR Interface Dialog Box.

#### **SIL and PIL Enhancements**

R2011b supports the following enhancements for software-in-the loop (SIL) and processor-in-the-loop (PIL) simulations.

### Code Execution Profiling of Functions in Subsystems and Model Blocks

Previously, you could generate a profile of code execution times only for tasks within your generated code (for example, the step function for a sample rate). Now, you can also produce a profile of code execution times for functions generated from atomic subsystems and model reference hierarchies within the top model. The software places instrumentation probes inside these functions and calculates execution times during a SIL or PIL simulation. At the end of the simulation, you can view an HTML report and analyze execution times within the MATLAB environment:

- The HTML report provides a summary of maximum and average execution times, which allows you to identify code that requires optimization
- The supplied APIs allow you to carry out further analysis of time measurements.

For more information, see Code Execution Profiling in the Embedded Coder documentation.

#### Code Coverage with LDRA Testbed

You can measure code coverage using the LDRA Testbed from LDRA Software Technology. For more information, see Code Coverage.

#### **BitField and GetSet Custom Storage Classes**

The software previously did not support the BitField and GetSet custom storage classes. Now, the software supports these custom storage classes for all types of SIL and PIL simulations, with one limitation. GetSet behavior for the SIL block is different from top-model SIL/PIL, Model block SIL/PIL, and PIL block:

• SIL block — The C definitions of the Get and Set functions that you provide form part of the algorithm under test.

• Other types of SIL/PIL — The SIL/PIL test harness automatically provides C definitions of the Get and Set functions that are used during SIL/PIL simulations. In addition, the software supports only *scalar* signals, parameters and global data stores.

For more information, see I/O Support and GetSet Custom Storage Class.

#### Model Blocks with Variable-Size Signals

You can run Model block SIL and PIL simulations where the Model block contains variable-size signals. On the **Simulation > Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing** pane, in the **Propagate sizes of variable-size signals** field, you must specify During execution. See I/O Support.

#### Verification of Generated C++ Code

Previously, support for C++ was restricted to simulations with the SIL block. Now, you can verify generated C++ code using all types of SIL and PIL:

- Top-model
- Model block
- SIL or PIL block

As before, only the SIL block supports C++ encapsulation. See Configuration Parameters Support.

## Generate Multitasking Code for Concurrent Execution on Multicore Processors

The Embedded Coder product extends the concurrent execution modeling capability of the Simulink product. With Embedded Coder, you can generate multitasking code that uses POSIX threads (Pthreads) for concurrent execution on multicore processors running Linux or VxWorks<sup>®</sup>.

See Configuring Models for Targets with Multicore Processors.

#### **Changes for Embedded IDEs and Embedded Targets**

- "64-bit Version of Embedded Coder Supports Analog Devices™ VisualDSP++® and Texas Instruments™ Code Composer Studio™ 3.3 and 4.0" on page 97
- "Support Added for Wind River VxWorks 6.8" on page 98
- "Support Added for Serial Communications Interface with Processor-in-the-loop (PIL) for Texas Instruments<sup>™</sup> C28035 and C28335 " on page 98
- "New Target Function Library for Intel IPP/SSE (GNU)" on page 98
- "Support Added for Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) with ARM Cortex-A8, ARM Cortex-A9 , and Intel Processors" on page 98
- "Support Removed for Altium TASKING" on page 99
- "Support Removed for Infineon® C166®" on page 99
- "Support Ending for Green Hills<sup>®</sup> MULTI<sup>®</sup> in a Future Release" on page 99
- "Support Ending for Freescale MPC5xx in a Future Release" on page 100

#### 64-bit Version of Embedded Coder Supports Analog Devices VisualDSP++ and Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio 3.3 and 4.0

Installing MATLAB & Simulink on a 64-bit Windows<sup>®</sup> computer automatically installs the 64-bit versions of your MathWorks<sup>®</sup> products, including Embedded Coder software. Now, you can use the 64-bit version of Embedded Coder software with the following 32-bit IDEs/tool chains:

- Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio 3.3
- Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio 4.0
- Analog Devices VisualDSP++ 5.0 (update 8)

Previously, you had to install the 32-bit versions of your MathWorks products to use Embedded Coder software with these IDEs.

For more information, see Embedded Coder — Support for Texas Instruments and Embedded Coder — Support for Analog Devices.

Also, check the Texas Instruments and Analog Devices Web sites for support information about using their tools on 64-bit Windows platforms.

#### Support Added for Wind River VxWorks 6.8

You can automatically generate and integrate code with the Wind River<sup>®</sup> VxWorks 6.8 RTOS using makefiles via the XMakefiles feature. For more information, see Choosing an XMakefile Configurationand Working with Wind River VxWorks RTOS.

# Support Added for Serial Communications Interface with Processor-in-the-loop (PIL) for Texas Instruments™ C28035 and C28335

This release adds support for Serial Communication Interface (SCI) communications during processor-in-the-loop (PIL) simulations with Texas Instruments<sup>™</sup> C28035 and C28335 microcontrollers. Using SCI for PIL simulations is much faster than using an IDE debugger for PIL.

For more information, see Serial Communication Interface (SCI) for Texas Instruments C2000, Example — Performing a Model Block PIL Simulation via SCI Using Makefiles, and the fuelsys\_pil demo.

#### New Target Function Library for Intel IPP/SSE (GNU)

This release adds a new Target Function Library (TFL), Intel IPP/SSE (GNU), for the GCC compiler. This library includes the Intel Performance Primitives (IPP) and Streaming SIMD Extensions (SSE) code replacements.

For more information, see Code Replacement Library (CRL) and Embedded TargetsDesktop Targets.

### Support Added for Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) with ARM Cortex-A8, ARM Cortex-A9, and Intel Processors

This release adds support for the Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) capabilities of the ARM Cortex-A8, ARM Cortex-A9, and Intel<sup>®</sup> processors. The use of SIMD instructions increases throughput compared to traditional Single Instruction Single Data (SISD) processing.

The following TFLs (code replacement libraries) optimize generated code for SIMD:

- GCC ARM Cortex-A8 The GCC compiler and the ARM Cortex-A8 embedded processor
- GCC ARM Cortex-A9 The GCC compiler and the ARM Cortex-A9 embedded processor
- Intel IPP/SSE (GNU) The GCC compiler and the Intel Performance Primitives (IPP) and Streaming SIMD Extensions (SSE)

The performance of the SIMD-enabled executable depends on several factors, including:

- Processor architecture of the target
- Optimized library support for the target
- The type and number of TFL replacements in the generated algorithmic code

Evaluate the performance of your application before and after using the TFL.

To use SIMD capabilities, enable the corresponding TFLs as described in Code Replacement Library (CRL) and Embedded TargetsDesktop Targets.

#### Support Removed for Altium TASKING

Support for the Altium  $\ensuremath{^{\textcircled{\tiny B}}}$  TASKING IDE has been removed from the Embedded Coder product.

#### Support Removed for Infineon C166

Support for the Infineon  $^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$  C166  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}$  processor family has been removed from the Embedded Coder product.

#### Support Ending for Green Hills MULTI in a Future Release

Support for the Green Hills MULTI IDE will end in a future release of the Embedded Coder product.

#### Support Ending for Freescale MPC5xx in a Future Release

Support for the Freescale MPC5xx processor family will end in a future release of the Embedded Coder product.

#### Saturation Control of Stateflow Data

A new property for Stateflow charts, **Saturate on integer overflow**, enables you to control the behavior of data with signed integer types when overflow occurs. This check box appears in the Chart properties dialog box.

Check Box	When to Use This Setting	Overflow Handling	Example of a Result
Selected	Overflow is possible for data in your Stateflow chart and you want explicit saturation protection in the generated code.	Overflows saturate to either the minimum or maximum value that the data type can represent.	An overflow associated with a signed 8-bit integer saturates to -128 or +127.
Cleared	You want to optimize efficiency of the generated code.	The behavior depends on the C compiler you use for generating code.	The number 130 does not fit in a signed 8-bit integer and wraps to -126.

Arithmetic operations in the chart for which you can enable saturation protection are:

- Unary minus: -a
- Binary operations: a + b, a b, a \* b, a / b, a ^ b
- Assignment operations: a += b, a -= b, a \*= b, a /= b

For new charts, this check box is selected by default. When you open charts saved in previous releases, the check box is cleared to maintain backward compatibility.

For more information, see Handling Integer Overflow for Chart Data in the Stateflow User's Guide.

#### Custom Storage Class Properties for Managing Data Ownership and Definition Compatibility Considerations: Yes

In R2011b, use the **Owner** and **Definition File** properties of custom storage classes to manage the definition and ownership of mpt data objects in generated code.

Previously, you could include the data definitions in generated code but could not specify the model that defined the data. Now, Embedded Coder creates the data definitions in the generated code according to the **Owner** property.

The **Owner** property of a custom storage class specifies the model that owns and defines the data in the generated code. The **Definition File** property specifies a name for the data definition file that Embedded Coder generates.

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

- If your legacy code exports data definitions to generated code and you now specify the **Owner** property, your generated code might have duplicate data definitions. This duplication causes a link error. In this case, remove the data definitions from the legacy code.
- If your legacy code does not export data definitions to generated code and you now specify the **Owner** property, your generated code might not contain data definitions. This mismatch causes a link error. In this case, add the missing data definitions to your legacy code.

## Export Data Declarations to Shared Header File for Code Generation with Model Reference

When generating code with model reference, you can export shared data declarations to a specific header file in a shared directory.

Specify a data declaration header file in the following ways:

- For a data object: In the **Code generation** options section of the data object dialog
- For a model: In the **Code Generation > Code Placement** section of the **Configuration Parameters** dialog

Specify the option to use a **Shared location** in the field **Shared code placement** in **Code Generation > Interface** section of the **Configuration Parameters** dialog.

## Target Function Library Code Replacement Enhancements

R2011b provides the following enhancements to code replacement using target function libraries (TFLs).

#### **Code Replacement Tool for Creating and Managing TFL Tables**

R2011b provides the Code Replacement Tool, which helps you create and manage the code replacement tables that make up a TFL. You can:

- Create a new code replacement table or import existing tables.
- Add, modify, and delete table entries. Each table entry represents a potential code replacement for a single function or operator. You can manage multiple tables together and copy and paste entries between tables.
- Validate tables and table entries.
- Save code replacement tables as MATLAB files.
- Generate the customization file you use to register your code replacement tables with code generation software.

Each code replacement table contains one or more table entries. Each table entry represents a potential replacement, during code generation, of a single function or operator by a custom implementation. For each table entry, you provide:

- **Mapping Information**, which relates a conceptual view of the function or operator (similar to the Simulink block view of the function or operator) to a custom implementation of that function or operator.
- **Build Information**, which provides header, source, or link information required for building the custom implementation.

You can open the Code Replacement Tool in the following ways:

- Go to the **Interface** pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box and click the **Custom** button, which is located to the right of the **Target function library** parameter.
- Use the MATLAB command crtool.

For more information about creating code replacement tables for TFLs, see Create and Manage Code Replacement Tables Using the Code Replacement Tool.

## Ability to Align Data Objects to TFL-Specified Boundaries to Boost Code Performance

R2011b provides the ability to align data objects passed into a TFL replacement function to a specified boundary. This allows you to take advantage of target-specific function implementations that require data to be aligned in order to optimize application performance. To configure data alignment for a function implementation:

- **1** Specify the data alignment requirements in a TFL table entry. Alignment can be specified separately for each implementation function argument or collectively for all function arguments.
- 2 Specify the data alignment capabilities and syntax for one or more compilers, and include the alignment specifications in a TFL registry entry in an sl\_customization.m or rtwTargetInfo.m file.

For more information on specifying data alignment requirements and compiler alignment attributes, see Configure Data Alignment for Function Implementations.

For additional examples of configuring data alignment for function implementations, see the demo rtwdemo\_tfl\_script.

#### Support for Replacing Element-wise Matrix Multiply

TFLs support several nonscalar operators for replacement with custom library functions in generated model code. R2011b adds support for replacing element-wise matrix multiplication operations (.\* operator in element-wise mode) with custom implementations. For more information, see Map Nonscalar Operators to Target-Specific Implementations.

## **Code Generation Enhancements**

#### **Redundant Condition Checks**

Multiple checks of the same condition are difficult to avoid in modeling. For example, a common modeling pattern is Switch blocks sharing the same condition check. Previously, the generated code for multiple Switch blocks produced multiple if statements.

```
if (cond) {
   true_statement1;
} else {
   false_statement1; }
if (cond) {
   true_statement2;
} else {
   false_statement2;
}
```

In R2011b, the generated code combines these condition checks. For example, the generated code for Switch blocks with a common condition combines these multiple if statements.

```
if (cond) {
    true_statement1;
    true_statement2;
}
else {
    false_statement1;
    false_statement2;
}
```

This optimization reduces code size and execution time. As a result, other optimizations for condition expressions or merged branches are enabled which reduce data copies and RAM usage.

#### **Loop Fusion**

R2011b provides more precise data dependency analysis of the data and signals of a nested Simulink bus. This enhancement enables more loop fusion

in the generated code which reduces code execution time and ROM, and improves code readability.

#### **Invariant Condition Check Lifting**

When a condition check is invariant to the enclosing loop and you specify loops to be unrolled, the code generator lifts the check out of the loop. This enhancement reduces ROM, enables additional optimizations, and improves execution speed and code readability. For more information on loop unrolling, see Configure Loop Unrolling Threshold.

## Parameter Pooling for Stateflow and Interpreted MATLAB Function Blocks

Parameter pooling now occurs for Simulink matrix constants used as Stateflow graphical function arguments. This enhancement reduces RAM and ROM, and improves thread safety.

## Readability Improvement for Reusable Subsystem Input and Output

The generated code for reusable subsystem input and output now eliminates redundant operators and unnecessary parentheses. This enhancement improves code readability.

## Enhanced Code Generation Optimization Using Minimum and Maximum Values

The **Optimize using specified minimum and maximum values** code generation option now takes into account the minimum and maximum values specified for Simulink.Parameter objects even if the object is part of an expression. For example, consider a Gain block with a gain parameter specified as an expression such as k1 + 5, where k1 is a Simulink.Parameter object with k1.min = -10 and k1.max = 10. If minimum and maximum values of the parameter specified in the parameter dialog box are 0 and 20, the range calculated for this parameter expression is 0 to 15.

For more information, see Optimize Generated Code Using Specified Minimum and Maximum Values.

# New Model Advisor Check for Code Efficiency of Logic Blocks

The Simulink Model Advisor includes the following new check for code efficiency of logic blocks: Check output types of logic blocks. The following blocks in the Simulink Logic and Bit Operations library can use boolean or another setting for the output data type:

- Compare To Constant
- Compare To Zero
- Detect Change
- Detect Decrease
- Detect Fall Negative
- Detect Fall Nonpositive
- Detect Increase
- Detect Rise Nonnegative
- Detect Rise Positive
- Interval Test
- Interval Test Dynamic
- Logical Operator
- Relational Operator

Running this Model Advisor check helps you identify logic blocks that do not use boolean for the output data type.

For more information about the Model Advisor, see Consulting the Model Advisor in the Simulink documentation.

## Control of Default Case Generation for Switch Statements in Generated Code for Stateflow Charts

You can specify whether or not to generate default cases for switch statements in the generated code for Stateflow charts. This optimization works on a per-model basis and applies to the code generated for a state that has multiple substates. Use the following check box on the **Code Generation > Code Style** pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box:

Code Style		
Parentheses level:	Nominal (Optimize for readability)	
🔲 Preserve operar	nd order in expression	
🔲 Preserve conditi	on expression in if statement	
Convert if-elseif-else patterns to switch-case statements		
🔽 Preserve extern	keyword in function declarations	
🔲 Suppress genera	ation of default cases for Stateflow switch statements if unreachable	

Check Box	When to Use This Setting	Format of Switch Statements
Selected	Provide better code coverage by checking that every branch in the generated code is falsifiable.	Exclude the default case when it is unreachable.
Cleared	Check for MISRA C <sup>®</sup> compliance and provide a fallback in case of RAM corruption.	Include a default case.

For new models, this check box is cleared by default. When you open models saved in previous releases, the check box is also cleared to maintain backward compatibility.

For more information, see Code Generation Pane: Code Style in the Embedded Coder Reference documentation.

# Improvement to Build Process for Conflicting Identifiers

Previously, if your model contained two referenced models with the same input (or output) port names, the model might not build because of potentially conflicting identifiers. The failure to build happens when the generated identifiers exceed the Maximum identifier length. In R2011b, the build process is improved to handle more cases when two referenced models have the same input (or output) port names. For more information, see Model Referencing Considerations.

#### Update to Code Generation Verification Class cgv.Config Compatibility Considerations: Yes

## **Compatibility Considerations**

The Connectivity cgv.Config parameter has the following updates:

- pil replaces the custom value. In R2011b, you can use custom without producing a warning or error message.
- The tasking value is not available. Specifying tasking produces an error.

# License Names Not Yet Updated for Coder Product Restructuring

The Simulink Coder and Embedded Coder license name strings stored in license.dat and returned by the license ('inuse') function have not yet been updated for the R2011a coder product restructuring. Specifically, the license ('inuse') function continues to return 'real-time\_workshop' for Simulink Coder and 'rtw\_embedded\_coder' for Embedded Coder, as shown below:

```
>> license('inuse')
matlab
matlab_coder
real-time_workshop
rtw_embedded_coder
simulink
>>
```

The license name strings intentionally were not changed, in order to avoid license management complications in situations where Release 2011a or higher is used alongside a preR2011a release in a common operating environment. MathWorks plans to address this issue in a future release.

For more information about using the function, see the license documentation.

## **New and Enhanced Demos**

The following demos have been enhanced in R2011b:

Demo	Now	
rtwdemo_pmsmfoc_script	Shows how you can perform system-level simulation and algorithmic code generation using Field-Oriented Control for a Permanent Magnet Synchronous Machine	
rtwdemo_sil_pil_script	Incorporates code execution profiling	
rtwdemo_tfl_script	Shows how you can align nonscalar data passed into a target function library (TFL) code replacement function	
fuelsys_pil	Incorporates using serial communication interface to communicate during PIL simulation	

## Check bug reports for issues and fixes

Software is inherently complex and is not free of errors. The output of a code generator might contain bugs, some of which are not detected by a compiler. MathWorks reports critical known bugs brought to its attention on its Bug Report system at www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/. Use the Saved Searches and Watched Bugs tool with the search phrase "Incorrect Code Generation" to obtain a report of known bugs that produce code that might compile and execute, but still produce wrong answers.

The bug reports are an integral part of the documentation for each release. Examine periodically all bug reports for a release, as such reports may identify inconsistencies between the actual behavior of a release you are using and the behavior described in this documentation.

In addition to reviewing bug reports, you should implement a verification and validation strategy to identify potential bugs in your design, code, and tools.

#### Search R2011b Bug Reports

Known Bugs for Incorrect Code Generation: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?product=ALL&release=R2011b &keyword=Incorrect+Code+Generation

All Known Bugs for This Product: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?release=R2011b&product=EC

# R2011a

Version: 6.0 New Features: Yes Bug Fixes: Yes

#### Coder Product Restructuring Compatibility Considerations: Yes

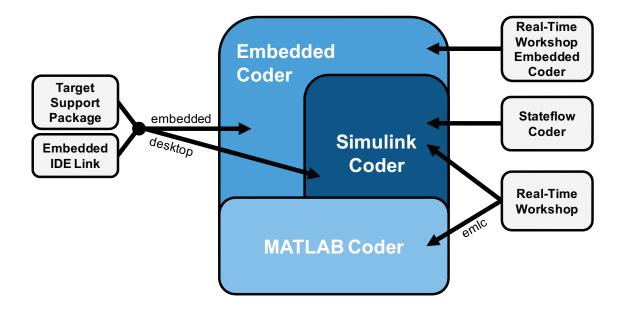
- "Product Restructuring Overview" on page 118
- "Resources for Upgrading from Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder" on page 119
- "Migration of Embedded MATLAB Coder Features to MATLAB<sup>®</sup> Coder™" on page 120
- "Migration of Embedded IDE Link and Target Support Package Features to Simulink<sup>®</sup> Coder<sup>™</sup> and Embedded Coder" on page 120
- "Interface Changes Related to Product Restructuring" on page 121
- "Simulink Graphical User Interface Changes" on page 122

#### **Product Restructuring Overview**

In R2011a, the Embedded Coder product replaces the Real-Time Workshop<sup>®</sup> Embedded Coder product. Additionally,

- The Simulink Coder product combines and replaces the Real-Time Workshop and Stateflow Coder products
- The Real-Time Workshop facility for converting MATLAB code to C/C++ code, formerly referred to as Embedded MATLAB<sup>®</sup> Coder, has migrated to the new MATLAB Coder product.
- The previously existing Embedded IDE Link<sup>™</sup> and Target Support Package<sup>™</sup> products have been integrated into the new Simulink Coder and Embedded Coder products.

The following figure shows the R2011a transitions for C/C++ code generation related products, from the R2010b products to the new MATLAB Coder, Simulink Coder, and Embedded Coder products.



## Resources for Upgrading from Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder

If you are upgrading to Embedded Coder from Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder, review information about compatibility and upgrade issues at the following locations:

- *Release Notes for Embedded Coder* (latest release), "Compatibility Summary" section
- On the MathWorks web site, in the Archived documentation, select R2010b, and view the following tables, which are provided in the release notes for Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder: *Compatibility Summary for Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder Software*:

This table provides compatibility information for releases up through R2010b.

• If you use the Embedded IDE Link or Target Support Package capabilities that now are integrated into Simulink Coder and Embedded Coder, go to the Archived documentation and view the corresponding tables for Embedded IDE Link or Target Support Package:

- Compatibility Summary for Embedded IDE Link (R2010b)
- Compatibility Summary for Target Support Package (R2010b)

You can also refer to the rest of the archived documentation, including release notes, for the Real-Time Workshop, Stateflow Coder, Embedded IDE Link, and Target Support Package products.

## Migration of Embedded MATLAB Coder Features to MATLAB Coder

In R2011a, the MATLAB Coder function codegen replaces the Real-Time Workshop function emlc. The emlc function still works in R2011a but generates a warning, and will be removed in a future release. For more information, see Generating C/C++ Code from MATLAB Code in the MATLAB Coder documentation.

#### Migration of Embedded IDE Link and Target Support Package Features to Simulink Coder and Embedded Coder

In R2011a, the capabilities formerly provided by the Embedded IDE Link and Target Support Package products have been integrated into Simulink Coder and Embedded Coder. The following table summarizes the transition of the Embedded IDE Link and Target Support Package supported hardware and software into Coder products.

Former Product	Supported Hardware and Software	Simulink Coder	Embedded Coder
Embedded IDE Link	Altium TASKING		Х
	Analog Devices VisualDSP++		Х
	Eclipse IDE	Х	Х
	Green Hills MULTI		Х
	Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio		Х

Former Product	Supported Hardware and Software	Simulink Coder	Embedded Coder
Target Support Package	Analog Devices Blackfin		Х
	ARM		Х
	Freescale MPC5xx		х
	Infineon C166		х
	Texas Instruments C2000 <sup>™</sup>		x
	Texas Instruments C5000™		x
	Texas Instruments C6000		x
	Linux OS	Х	Х
	Windows OS	Х	
	VxWorks RTOS		Х

### Interface Changes Related to Product Restructuring

You will see interface changes as part of restructuring the Coder products.

- In the Simulink Configuration Parameters dialog box, changes to code generation related elements
- In Simulink menus, changes to code generation related elements
- In Simulink blocks, including block parameters and dialog boxes, and block libraries, changes to code generation related elements
- In error messages, tool tips, demos, and product documentation, references to Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder, Real-Time Workshop, and Stateflow Coder and related terms are replaced with references to the latest software

Where	Previously	Now
Configuration Parameters dialog box	<b>Real-Time Workshop</b> pane	<b>Code Generation</b> pane
Model diagram window	Tools > Real-Time Workshop	Tools > Code Generation
Subsystem context menu	Real-Time Workshop	Code Generation
Subsystem Parameter dialog box	<ul> <li>Following parameters on main pane:</li> <li>Real-Time Workshop system code</li> <li>Real-Time Workshop function name options</li> <li>Real-Time Workshop function name</li> <li>Real-Time Workshop file name options</li> <li>Real-Time Workshop file name (no extension)</li> </ul>	On new Code Generation pane and renamed: • Function packaging • Function name options • Function name • File name options • File name (no extension)

#### Simulink Graphical User Interface Changes

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

In the Help browser **Contents** pane, Embedded Coder is now listed with the products for MATLAB, because Embedded Coder now supports both MATLAB Coder and Simulink Coder workflows.

#### Data Management Enhancements and Changes Compatibility Considerations: Yes

- "Memory Section Enhancements" on page 123
- "No Longer Able to Set RTWInfo or CustomAttributes Property of Simulink Data Objects" on page 123
- "Parts of Data Class Infrastructure Not Available" on page 124
- "No Longer Generating Pragma for Data Defined with Built-In Storage Class ExportedGlobal, ImportedExtern, or ImportedExternPointer" on page 125
- "Simulink.CustomParameter and Simulink.CustomSignal Data Classes To Be Deprecated in a Future Release" on page 126

#### **Memory Section Enhancements**

- Pragmas are now added to data and function declarations (prior to R2011a they were added to definitions only); at compile time, this makes the compiler aware of memory locations for functions and data, potentially optimizing generated code
- New function category is available for shared utilities on the **Code Generation > Memory Sections** pane: Shared utility
- Referenced models can have a memory section that is different from that of the top model for the InitTerm and Execute function categories

## No Longer Able to Set RTWInfo or CustomAttributes Property of Simulink Data Objects

You can not set the RTWInfo or CustomAttributes property of a Simulink data object from the MATLAB Command Window or a MATLAB script. Attempts to set these properties generate an error.

Although you cannot set RTWInfo or CustomAttributes, you can still set subproperties of RTWInfo and CustomAttributes.

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

Operations from the MATLAB Command Window or a MATLAB script, which set the data object property RTWInfo or CustomAttributes, generate an error.

For example, a MATLAB script might set these properties by copying a data object as shown below:

```
a = Simulink.Parameter;
b = Simulink.Parameter;
b.RTWInfo = a.RTWInfo;
b.RTWInfo.CustomAttributes = a.RTWInfo.CustomAttributes;
.
.
.
```

To copy a data object, use the object's deepCopy method.

```
a = Simulink.Parameter;
b = a.deepCopy;
.
```

#### Parts of Data Class Infrastructure Not Available

Simulink has been generating warnings for usage of the following data class infrastructure features for several releases. As of R2011a, the features are not supported.

- Custom storage classes not captured in the custom storage class registration file (csc\_registration) warning displayed since R14SP2
- Built-in custom data class attributes BitFieldName and FileName+IncludeDelimiter warning displayed since R2008b

Instead of	Use
BitFieldName	StructName
FileName+IncludeDelimite	rHeaderFile

• Initial value of MPT data objects inside mpt.CustomRTWInfoSignal - warning displayed since R2006a

## **Compatibility Considerations**

- When you use a removed feature, Simulink now generates an error.
- When loading a MAT-file that uses an unsupported feature, the load operation suppresses the generated error such that it is not visible. In addition, MATLAB silently deletes data that had been associated with the unsupported feature. To prevent loss of data when loading a MAT-file, load and resave the file with R2010b or earlier.

#### No Longer Generating Pragma for Data Defined with Built-In Storage Class ExportedGlobal, ImportedExtern, or ImportedExternPointer

The code generator no longer generates a pragma around definitions or declarations for data that has the following built-in storage classes:

- ExportedGlobal
- ImportedExtern
- ImportedExternPointer

Prior to R2011a, based on model configuration parameters for specifying memory sections and the built-in storage class defined for data, the code generator would do the following:

For Built-In Storage Class	Generate pragma Around
ExportedGlobal	Data definition and declaration
ImportedExtern	Data declaration
ImportedExternPointer	Data declaration

The code generator now treats data with these built-in storage classes like custom storage classes with no memory section specified.

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

To work around this change, select a custom storage class that uses the memory section of interest for the data.

#### Simulink.CustomParameter and Simulink.CustomSignal Data Classes To Be Deprecated in a Future Release

In a future release, data classes Simulink.CustomParameter and Simulink.CustomSignal will no longer be supported because they are equivalent to Simulink.Parameter and Simulink.Signal.

#### **Compatibility Considerations**

If you use the data class Simulink.CustomParameter or Simulink.CustomSignal, Simulink posts a warning that identifies the class and describes one or more techniques for eliminating it. You can ignore these warnings in R2011a, but consider making the described changes now because the classes will be removed in a future release.

## **AUTOSAR Enhancements**

The following enhancements are available in R2011a.

#### **Calibration Parameters**

Previously, the software supported only calibration parameters that were defined by a calibration component. These parameters could be accessed by all AUTOSAR Software Components. The AUTOSAR standard also specifies an internal calibration parameter that is defined and accessed by only one AUTOSAR Software Component. The software now supports:

- AUTOSAR internal calibration parameters, including the import and export of initial values of these parameters.
- A bus object data type (AUTOSAR record type) to import and export both kinds of calibration parameters.

For more information, see Calibration Parameters and Configure Calibration Parameters in the Embedded Coder documentation.

#### **Multiple Runnables from Virtual Subsystems**

Previously, if a wrapper subsystem had virtual subsystems containing function-call subsystems, you could not export the function-call subsystems as AUTOSAR runnables from the wrapper subsystem level. Now, within a wrapper subsystem, you can group function-call subsystems into virtual subsystems and generate runnables for these function-call subsystems. See Configure Multiple Runnables and Export AUTOSAR Software Component in the Embedded Coder documentation.

#### **Support for Code Descriptor Elements**

The AUTOSAR standard specifies that the XML description of an AUTOSAR Software Component implementation must contain code descriptor elements to describe generated source files and include header files. This feature allows AUTOSAR authoring tools that import software components to automate the building process for source code.

Previously, the software did not generate the software component implementation file (modelname\_implementation.arxml) with these code

descriptor elements. Now, when you build a Simulink model for an AUTOSAR target, the software generates a CODE-DESCRIPTORS element within the SWC\_IMPLEMENTATION element. The CODE-DESCRIPTORS element contains XFILE elements that provide descriptions of the generated code.

For example, if you build the model rtwdemo\_autosar\_counter, the generated file rtwdemo\_autosar\_counter\_implementation.arxml has the following SWC\_IMPLEMENTATION element:

```
. . . .
<SWC-IMPLEMENTATION>
  <SHORT-NAME>rtwdemo autosar counter</SHORT-NAME>
  <CODE - DESCRIPTORS>
    <CODE>
      <SHORT-NAME>Code</SHORT-NAME>
      <TYPE>SRC</TYPE>
      <XFILES>
        <XFILE>
          <SHORT-NAME>rtwdemo_autosar_counter_c</SHORT-NAME>
          <CATEGORY>GeneratedFile</CATEGORY>
          <URL>rtwdemo_autosar_counter_autosar_rtw\rtwdemo_autosar_counter.c</URL>
          <TOOL>Embedded Coder</TOOL>
          <TOOL-VERSION>5.6</TOOL-VERSION>
        </XFILE>
        <XFILE>
          <SHORT-NAME>rtwdemo_autosar_counter_h</SHORT-NAME>
          <CATEGORY>GeneratedFile</CATEGORY>
          <URL>rtwdemo_autosar_counter_autosar_rtw\rtwdemo_autosar_counter.h</URL>
          <TOOL>Embedded Coder</TOOL>
          <TOOL-VERSION>5.6</TOOL-VERSION>
        </XFILE>
          . . .
      </XFILES>
    </CODE>
  </CODE-DESCRIPTORS>
  <CODE-GENERATOR>Embedded Coder 5.6 (R2011a) 26-Aug-2010</CODE-GENERATOR>
  <PROGRAMMING - LANGUAGE>C</PROGRAMMING - LANGUAGE>
</SWC-IMPLEMENTATION>
```

• • • •

## **SIL and PIL Enhancements**

## **Code Execution Profiling**

You can collect execution time measurements in a specified base workspace variable during a software-in-the-loop (SIL) or processor-in-the-loop (PIL) simulation. At the end of the simulation, you can view or analyze the measurements within the MATLAB environment. This feature allows you to collect an execution time profile for each task within your generated code.

The software supports code execution profiling for all types of SIL or PIL simulations except the SIL block.

For more information, see Code Execution Profiling in the Embedded Coder documentation.

### **PIL Block Parameter Tuning**

R2011a supports parameter tuning for the PIL block, which allows you to change tunable workspace parameters between or during simulations without regenerating code. This feature also includes support for tunable structure parameters. For more information, see I/O Support and Tunable Parameters and SIL/PIL.

## Top-Model SIL/PIL and PIL Block Parameter Initialization

R2011a supports automatic definition and initialization of parameters with imported storage classes. For more information, see I/O Support and Imported Data Definitions.

### Model Block Parameter Tuning and Model Initialization

Previously, the software did not support the following features for Model block SIL/PIL:

- Simplified initialization mode
- Tunable structure parameters

R2011a now supports these features. For more information, see Configuration Parameters Support, I/O Support, and Tunable Parameters and SIL/PIL.

## **Code Generation Enhancements**

#### Improved Code for Data Store Memory In-place Assignment

Previously, the generated code for a Data Store Memory block used data copies to perform data store assignments. The generated code now eliminates the data copies and performs an in-place assignment. This improvement generates less code, uses less memory, and provides faster execution.

#### **Improvements to Target Function Library Replacements**

Enhancements to Target Function Library Replacements (TFL) include:

- If multiple TFL replacements occur within a function, temporary variables are now reused instead of creating extra temporary variables. This enhancement reduces the stack size during TFL replacement.
- During TFL replacement, if unnecessary temporary variables are introduced when block output is not the returned value of the function but one of the input arguments, code generation now removes the temporary variable. This enhancement improves execution speed and requires less memory.

For more information, see Introduction to Code Replacement Libraries.

#### Improved Loop Fusion

Code generation now includes the following:

- An improved loop fusion algorithm that reduces data copies. This enhancement decreases stack size, ROM consumption, and code generation time.
- Selectively fuses loops when the loop count is larger than the Loop unrolling threshold. In these cases, loop unrolling allows the code generator to perform more optimizations. In addition, the code generator groups the statements together to assign values to the elements of a signal or parameter array, which improves data access and code readability.

#### **Improved Array Indexing**

The generated code is optimized for more efficient array indexing. When a complex instruction is used repeatedly in an array index, the instruction is replaced with a temporary variable to perform the calculation more efficiently. This enhancement improves execution speed and reduces code size.

#### **Improvement on Matrix Parameter Pooling**

For matrix parameters with the same flattened value, the generated code now pools the matrix parameters even when they have different shapes. This enhancement reduces ROM consumption.

#### **Readability Improvements Involving Data References**

For references to the root inport and outport, as well as DWork, unnecessary parentheses are removed from the generated code. This enhancement produces more readable code.

#### Code Generation Verification (CGV) API Updates Compatibility Considerations: Yes

Support for Adding Multiple Callback Functions

In R2011a, the cgv.CGV class includes new methods to add callback functions. These methods replace the cgv.CGV.addCallback method which added only a pre-execution callback function. Now, the new methods allow CGV to invoke callback functions at several stages of the cgv.CGV.run execution. The new methods are:

- cgv.CGV.addHeaderReportFcn adds a callback function invoked before executing input data in the cgv.CGV object.
- cgv.CGV.addPreExecReportFcn adds a callback function invoked before executing each input data file in the cgv.CGV object.
- cgv.CGV.addPreExecFcn adds a callback function invoked before executing each input data file in the cgv.CGV object.
- cgv.CGV.addPostExecReportFcn adds a callback function invoked after executing each input data file in the cgv.CGV object.
- cgv.CGV.addPostExecFcn adds a callback function invoked after executing each input data file in the cgv.CGV object.
- cgv.CGV.addTrailerReportFcn adds a callback function invoked after executing input data in the cgv.CGV object.

### New Functionality Added to the cgv.CGV Class

The cgv.CGV class now includes the following methods:

- cgv.CGV.activateConfigSet activates the configuration set of a model.
- cgv.CGV.addBaseline adds a file of baseline data for comparison.
- cgv.CGV.copySetup creates a copy of a cgv.CGV object.
- cgv.CGV.setMode specifies the mode of execution (sim, sil, or pil).
- cgv.CGV.copySetup returns the status of the execution of the cgv.CGV object.

The cgv.CGV class now includes the following properties:

- Name
- Description

### **Compatibility Considerations**

Previously, the cgv.CGV class included parameters that you set to perform automatic configuration checks of your model. In R2011a, cgv.CGV class does not performs automatic configuration checks. Instead, you can use the cgv.Config class to perform a manual configuration check of your model. Before calling cgv.CGV.run, perform a manual configuration check of your model. Otherwise, an error might occur later in the process. For more information, see Programmatic Code Generation Verification.

Parameter	What Happens When You Use Parameter?	Use This Parameter Instead	Compatibility Considerations
LogMode removed from cgv.CGV	Errors	LogMode parameter in cgv.Config	To check your model before running CGV, pass the LogMode parameter to the constructor for cgv.Config. Then call the cgv.Config.configModel method to adjust the model configuration.
Processor removed from cgv.CGV	Errors	Processor parameter in cgv.Config	To check your model before running CGV, pass the Processor parameter to the constructor for cgv.Config. Then call the cgv.Config.configModel

Changes to the cgv.CGV class parameters are listed in the following table.

Parameter	What Happens When You Use Parameter?	Use This Parameter Instead	Compatibility Considerations
			method to adjust the model configuration.
SaveModel removed from cgv.CGV	Errors	SaveModel parameter in cgv.Config	To check your model before running CGV, pass the SaveModel parameter to the constructor for cgv.Config. Then call the cgv.Config.configModel method to adjust the model configuration.
ConfigModel removed from cgv.CGV	Warns if set to off Errors if set to on	cgv.Config.configModel method	To check your model before running CGV, replace the cgv.CGVConfigModel parameter with a call to the cgv.Config.configModel method
CheckInterface parameter from cgv.CGV	Warns if set to off Errors if set to on	CheckOutports parameter in cgv.Config	To check your model before running CGV, pass the CheckOutports parameter to the constructor for cgv.Config. Then call the cgv.Config.configModel method to adjust the model configuration.
tasking and custom values removed from the Connectivity parameter of cgv.CGV	Errors	pil, a new value for the cgv.CGV	Replace calls to the cgv.CGV constructor using the parameter-value

Parameter	What Happens When You Use Parameter?	Use This Parameter Instead	Compatibility Considerations
		Connectivity parameter	<pre>arguments, ('Connectivity', 'tasking') or ('Connectivity', 'custom'), with ('Connectivity, 'pil').</pre>

Changes to the cgv.Config class parameters are listed in the following table:

Parameter	What Happens When You Use Parameter?	Use This Parameter Instead	Compatibility Considerations
CheckOutports parameter added to cgv.Config	Defaults to on. Compiles the model. Then checks that the model outport configuration is compatible with the cgv.CGV object.		If your script fixes errors reported by cgv.Config, you can set CheckOutports to off.
LogMode parameter from cgv.Config	Change in behavior		If you do not give a value for LogMode, logging changes are not made to the configuration parameters.

## **MISRA-C Code Generation Objective**

The Code Generation Advisor now includes a new objective for MISRA-C:2004 guidelines. To set the new objective, open the Configuration Parameters dialog box and select the **Code Generation** pane. In the Code Generation Advisor section, click the **Set objectives** button to open the Code Generation Advisor dialog box. In the **Available objectives** list, select MISRA-C:2004 guidelines and click the select button (arrow pointing right) to move the objective to the **Selected objectives** list. For more information on setting objectives, see Application Objectives.

# New Model Advisor Check for Code Efficiency of Lookup Table Blocks

The Simulink Model Advisor includes the following new check for code efficiency of lookup table blocks: Identify lookup table blocks that generate expensive out-of-range checking code. By default, the following blocks generate code that checks for out-of-range breakpoint inputs:

- 1-D Lookup Table
- 2-D Lookup Table
- n-D Lookup Table
- Prelookup

Similarly, the Interpolation Using Prelookup block generates code that checks for out-of-range index inputs. Running this Model Advisor check helps you identify lookup table blocks that generate out-of-range checking code for breakpoint or index inputs.

For more information about the Model Advisor, see Consulting the Model Advisor in the Simulink documentation.

## **Enhanced Code Generation Optimization**

The **Optimize using specified minimum and maximum values** code generation option now takes into account the minimum and maximum values specified for:

- A Simulink.Parameter object provided that it is used on its own. It does not use these minimum and maximum values if the object is part of an expression. For example, if a Gain block has a gain parameter specified as K1, where K1 is defined as a Simulink.Parameter object in the base workspace, the optimization takes the minimum and maximum values of K1 into account. However, if the Gain block has a gain parameter of K1+5 or K1+K2+K3, where K2 and K3 are also Simulink.Parameter objects, the optimization does not use the minimum and maximum values of K1, K2 or K3.
- Design ranges specified on block outputs in a conditionally-executed subsystem, except for the block outputs that are directly connected to an Outport block.

For more information, see Optimize Generated Code Using Specified Minimum and Maximum Values.

# Target Function Library Replacement Based on Computation Method for Reciprocal Sqrt, Sine, and Cosine

Target function libraries (TFLs) now support the ability to control replacement of certain math functions using their computation method as a distinguishing attribute. For example,

- The rSqrt block can be configured to use either of two computation methods, Newton-Raphson or Exact.
- The Trigonometric Function block, with **Function** set to sin or cos, can be configured to use either of two approximation methods, CORDIC or None.

You can configure TFL table entries to replace these functions for one or all of the available computation methods. For example, you could replace only Newton-Raphson instances of the rSqrt function.

For more information, see Replace Math Functions Based on Computation Method in the Embedded Coder documentation.

# Target Function Library Support for abs, min, max, and sign functions

Embedded Coder software now supports target function library customization control for fixed-point abs, min, max, and sign functions.

For more information, see Register Code Replacement Libraries.

# C++ Encapsulation Allowed for Referenced Models in For Each Subsystems

In previous releases, due to a code generation limitation, code could not be generated for a For Each Subsystem block under the following conditions:

- The For Each Subsystem block directly or indirectly contains a Model block.
- The Model block references a model for which C++ encapsulation is selected.

R2011a removes this limitation. You can now generate code for a For Each Subsystem in which a referenced model uses C++ encapsulation.

# **Improved Code Generation for Portable Word Sizes**

In the software-in-the-loop (SIL) simulation work flow, the model option **Enable portable word sizes** allows you to take code intended for a specific target platform and compile and run the same code on a MATLAB host platform that uses different processor word sizes. R2011a enhances the code generated for portable word sizes by inserting explicit casts to help protect against integral promotion differences and other behavior differences between host and target. This potentially can reduce the incidence of numerical differences due to host/target behavior differences. For more information, see Configure Hardware Implementation Settings for SIL and Portable Word Sizes Limitations in the Embedded Coder documentation.

# Improved Comments in the Generated Code

R2011a provides improvements to comment generation for better readability and understanding of the generated code. Specifically, comments are located closer to the referring code and reflect the intent of the code. An end comment is now included at the end of a control flow block of code. For information on customizing comments in the generated code, see Configure Code Comments in Embedded System Code.

# Replacement Data Types and Simulation Mode for Referenced Models

To replace built-in data type names with user-defined data type names in the generated code for a referenced model, you must set the **Simulation mode** parameter for the Model block to one of the following:

- Normal
- Software-in-the-loop (SIL)
- Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)

For more information, see Data Types and Referenced Model Simulation Modes in the Simulink documentation.

## Changes for Embedded IDEs and Embedded Targets Compatibility Considerations: Yes

- "Feature Support for Embedded IDEs and Embedded Targets" on page 145
- "Execution Profiling during PIL Simulation" on page 146
- "Location of Blocks for Embedded Targets" on page 146
- "Location of Demos for Embedded IDEs and Embedded Targets" on page 148
- "Multicore Deployment with Rate-Based Multithreading" on page 149
- "Windows-Based Code Generation and Remote Build On Linux Target (BeagleBoard)" on page 149
- "Changes to Frame-Based Processing" on page 149
- "New Support for Analog Devices Blackfin BF50x and BF51x Processors" on page 151
- "Generate Optimized Fixed-Point Code for ARM Cortex-M3, Cortex-A8, and Cortex-A9 Processors" on page 151
- "Support for Versions 5.0.6 and 5.1.6 of Green Hills® MULTI®" on page 151
- "Support for Texas Instruments Delfino C2834x Processors" on page 152
- "Ending Support for Altium TASKING in a Future Release" on page 153
- "Ending Support for Freescale MPC5xx in a Future Release" on page 153
- "Ending Support for Infineon® C166® in a Future Release" on page 153
- "Removed Methods and Arguments" on page 153

### Feature Support for Embedded IDEs and Embedded Targets

The Embedded Coder software provides the following features as implemented in the former Target Support Package and former Embedded IDE Link products:

- Automation Interface
- Processor-in-the-Loop (PIL) Simulation
- Execution Profiling

- Execution Profiling during PIL Simulation
- Stack Profiler
- External Mode
- Schedulers and Timing
- Makefile Generation (XMakefile)
- Target Function Library (TFL) Optimization
- Multicore Deployment for Rate Based Multithreading

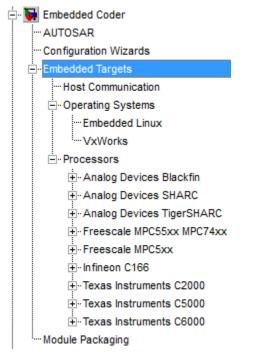
**Note** You can only use these features in the 32-bit version of your MathWorks products. To use these features on 64-bit hardware, install and run the 32-bit versions of your MathWorks products.

#### **Execution Profiling during PIL Simulation**

During Processor-in-the-loop (PIL) simulation, you can profile synchronous tasks in code running on the target. For more information, see Execution Profiling during PIL Simulation

### Location of Blocks for Embedded Targets

Blocks from the former Target Support Package product and Embedded IDE Link product now reside under Embedded Coder in the Embedded Targets block library, as shown.



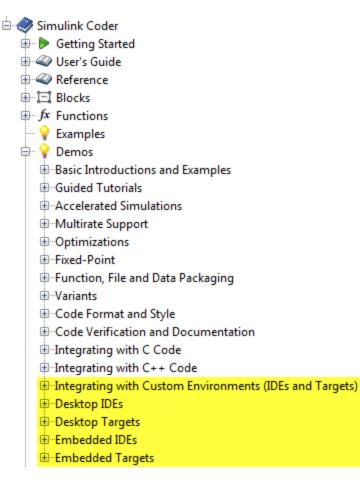
Embedded Targets includes the following types of blocks:

- Host Communication
- Operating Systems
  - Embedded Linux
  - VxWorks
- Processors
  - Analog Devices Blackfin
  - Analog Devices SHARC
  - Analog Devices TigerSHARC
  - Freescale MPC55xx MPC74xx
  - Freescale MPC5xx
  - Infineon C166

- Texas Instruments C2000
- Texas Instruments C5000
- Texas Instruments C6000

### Location of Demos for Embedded IDEs and Embedded Targets

Demos from the former Target Support Package product and Embedded IDE Link product now reside under Simulink Coder product help. Click the expandable links, as shown.



### **Multicore Deployment with Rate-Based Multithreading**

You can deploy rate-based multithreading applications to multicore processors running Embedded Linux and

VxWorks. This feature improves performance by taking advantage of multicore hardware resources.

Also see the Running Target Applications on Multicore Processors user's guide topic.

### Windows-Based Code Generation and Remote Build On Linux Target (BeagleBoard)

You can generate a makefile project on a Windows host machine, transfer the makefile project to an remote target running Linux, such as a BeagleBoard, and then build the executable on the remote target.

### **Changes to Frame-Based Processing**

Signal processing applications often process sequential samples of data at once as a group, rather than one sample at a time. MathWorks documentation refers to the former as *frame-based processing* and the latter as *sample-based processing*. A *frame* is a collection of samples of data, sequential in time. To perform frame-based processing in MathWorks products, you must have a DSP System Toolbox<sup>TM</sup> license.

Historically, Simulink-family products that can perform frame-based processing propagate frame-based signals throughout a model. The frame status is an attribute of the signals in a model, just as data type and dimensions are attributes of a signal. The Simulink engine propagates the frame attribute of a signal with a frame bit, which can either be on or off. When the frame bit is on, Simulink interprets the signal as frame-based, and displays it as a double line, rather than as a single line.

Beginning in R2010b, MathWorks started to change the handling of frame-based processing significantly. In the future, signal attributes will not include frame status. Instead, individual blocks will control whether they treat data inputs as frames or as samples. To transition to this new paradigm, blocks that can perform sample- and frame-based processing contain a new **Input processing** parameter that specifies the processing behavior. You can set **Input processing** to Columns as channels (frame based) or Elements as channels (sample based). The third option, Inherited (this choice will be removed - see release notes), is a temporary selection. This third option helps you migrate your existing models from the old paradigm to the new paradigm.

In R2011a, the following Embedded Coder blocks received a new **Input processing** parameter:

- C62X Real Forward Lattice All-Pole IIR
- C62X Complex FIR
- C62X General Real FIR
- C62X Real IIR
- C64X Real Forward Lattice All-Pole IIR

### **Compatibility Considerations**

When you load an existing model in R2011a, blocks with the new **Input processing** parameter shows a setting of Inherited (this choice will be removed - see release notes). This setting enables your existing models to work as expected until you upgrade them. Upgrade your models as soon as possible.

To upgrade your existing models, use the slupdate function. This function detects blocks that have **Input processing** set to Inherited (this choice will be remove - see release notes). The function asks you whether to upgrade each block. If you select yes, the function detects the status of the frame bit on the input port of the block. If the frame bit is 1 (frames), the function sets the **Input processing** parameter to Columns as channels (frame based). If the bit is 0 (samples), the function sets the parameter to Elements as channels (sample based).

A future release will remove the frame bit and the Inherited (this choice will be removed - see release notes) option. At that time, if you have not updated the model, the software automatically sets the **Input** 

**processing** parameter. The software uses the library default setting of the block to select either Columns as channels (frame based) or Elements as channels (sample based). If the library default setting does not match the parameter setting in your model, your model will produce unexpected results. Additionally, after the removal of the frame bit, you will no longer be able to upgrade your models using the slupdate function. Therefore, upgrade your existing modes using slupdate as soon as possible.

# New Support for Analog Devices Blackfin BF50x and BF51x Processors

You can now generate code for the following embedded processors when you use Embedded Coder software:

- BF504
- BF504F
- BF506F
- BF512
- BF514
- BF516
- BF518

### Generate Optimized Fixed-Point Code for ARM Cortex-M3, Cortex-A8, and Cortex-A9 Processors

You can use new Target Function Libraries (TFLs) to generate efficient fixed-point code for the ARM Cortex-M3, Cortex-A8, and Cortex-A9 processors. These TFLs include GCC compiler extensions and intrinsic functions that optimize the code Embedded Coder generates for these processors.

# Support for Versions 5.0.6 and 5.1.6 of Green Hills MULTI

Support for Green Hills MULTI software now includes versions 5.0.6 and 5.1.6. For additional information about supported versions, see the Support for Green Hills MULTI topic online.

### Support for Texas Instruments Delfino C2834x Processors

You can now generate code for the following embedded processors when you use Embedded Coder software with Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio software:

- C28341
- C28342
- C28343
- C28344
- C28345
- C28346

The new C2834x (c2834xlib) block library contains the following blocks:

- C2000 CAN Calibration Protocol
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x GPIO Digital Input
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x GPIO Digital Output
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/C2834x I2C Receive
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/C2834x I2C Transmit
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x SCI Receive
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x SCI Transmit
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x SPI Receive
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x SPI Transmit
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x Software Interrupt Trigger
- C28x Watchdog
- C280x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x eCAN Receive
- C280x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x eCAN Transmit
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x eCAP
- C280x/C2802x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x ePWM
- C280x/C2803x/C28x3x/c2834x eQEP

## Ending Support for Altium TASKING in a Future Release

Support for the Altium TASKING IDE will end in a future release of the Embedded Coder product.

# Ending Support for Freescale MPC5xx in a Future Release

Support for the Freescale MPC5xx processor family will end in a future release of the Embedded Coder product.

# Ending Support for Infineon C166 in a Future Release

Support for the Infineon C166 processor family will end in a future release of the Embedded Coder product.

# **Removed Methods and Arguments**

Deprecated the type property for the Code Composer Studio IDE object. For example, entering the following text generates an error message:

infolist = IDE\_Obj.list(type)

### Changes to ver Function Product Arguments Compatibility Considerations: Yes

The following changes have been made to ver function arguments related to embedded code generation products:

- The new argument 'embeddedcoder' returns information about the installed version of the Embedded Coder product.
- The argument 'ecoder', which previously returned information about the installed version of the Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder product, no longer works. The software displays a "not found" warning.

For more information about using the function, see the ver documentation.

### **Compatibility Considerations**

If a script calls the ver function with the 'ecoder' argument, update the script appropriately. For example, you can update the ver call to use the 'embeddedcoder' argument.

# **New and Enhanced Demos**

The following demos have been added in R2011a:

Demo	Shows How You Can
coderdemo_tfl	Use target function libraries (TFLs) to replace operators and functions in code generated by MATLAB Coder.
rtwdemo_code_coverage_script	Generate model coverage and code coverage reports, and use these reports to compare model coverage and code coverage results for parts of a model.
rtwdemo_pmsmfoc_script	Perform system-level simulation and algorithmic code generation using Field-Oriented Control for a Permanent Magnet Synchronous Machine.

The following demos have been enhanced in R2011a:

Demo	Now
vipstabilize_fixpt_beagleboard	Uses the new Video Capture block to simulate or capture a video input signal in the Video Stabilization demo.

# Check bug reports for issues and fixes

Software is inherently complex and is not free of errors. The output of a code generator might contain bugs, some of which are not detected by a compiler. MathWorks reports critical known bugs brought to its attention on its Bug Report system at www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/. Use the Saved Searches and Watched Bugs tool with the search phrase "Incorrect Code Generation" to obtain a report of known bugs that produce code that might compile and execute, but still produce wrong answers.

The bug reports are an integral part of the documentation for each release. Examine periodically all bug reports for a release, as such reports may identify inconsistencies between the actual behavior of a release you are using and the behavior described in this documentation.

In addition to reviewing bug reports, you should implement a verification and validation strategy to identify potential bugs in your design, code, and tools.

### Search R2011a Bug Reports

Known Bugs for Incorrect Code Generation: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?product=ALL&release=R2011a &keyword=Incorrect+Code+Generation

All Known Bugs for This Product: www.mathworks.com/support/bugreports/?release=R2011a&product=EC